Bellefonte Republican.

Established In 1869} "Let Us See To it that A Government of the People, for the People and by the People, Shall Not perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS : $1.00 Per Year

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CROWD WAS GREAT

Carnegie Hall of New York, Was Crowded to Hear President Roosevelt Speak

IN HONOR OF JOHN WESLEY

Meeting Held Under Auspices of Methodist Thank Offering Commission of New York.

AN UNEXPECTED INCIDENT HAPPENED

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—President Roosevelt was the chief speaker last night at a great mass meeting at Carnegie hall, held "to do honor to the character and labors of John Wesley, the founder of Methodism, scholar, missionary, philanthropist, preacher, gentleman. The meeting was held under the auspices of the New York thank offering commission, which has had charge of the local work of the Twentieth Century thank offering fund of $20,000,000 that has been raised by the Methodists throughout the country to celebrate the advent of the twentieth century of the Christian era.

Samuel W. Bowne presided and on the platform were a number of bishops and others prominent in the Methodist church.

The hall was crowded to the doors and hundreds were unable to gain admittance. President Roosevelt reached the hall escorted by a detachment of mounted police at 8:30. As he alighted from his carriage he was hailed by a young man who was struggling in the crowd and whom the police were trying to force back. "I'm Mike Cronin, Mr. President, and I want to hear you speak," he shouted. President Roosevelt instantly recognized him as the driver who drove him on the last stage of his journey to North Creek to take the train for Buffalo, after being notified of the death of President McKinley.

"Delighted to see you,' replied the president, who addressing the police said, "let that man pass." Grasping Cronin's hand he led him into the hall and saw that he had a seat near him on the platform. After the meeting the president introduced Cronin to the members of his party and told them the story of his ferious night drive along the Adirondack roads to catch the train.

Cheers and handclapping announced the arrival of President Roosevelt who advanced from the rear of the platform, accompanied by the presiding officer of the meeting, Mr. Bowne. When he had reached the front of the stage the president bowed slightly and then took the seat reserved for him.

Chairman Bowne then announced the hymn, "Blow Ye the Trumpet, Blow," by Charles Wesley. Bishop Cyrus D. Foss, of Philadelphia, then led the meeting in prayer, closing with the Lord's Prayer, in which a mighty volume of voices joined. Mr. Bowne made a short address in which he said that Methodism is constantly growing, except possibly in a few effete cities on the Atlantic seaboard.

Mr. Bowne then introduced President Roosevelt, the audience rising to greet him.

President Roosevelt's address was attentively listened to.

At the conclusion of his address the president was heartily applauded. The hymn "See How Great a Flame Aspires" was then sung. During the singing President Roosevelt retired from the hall.

A Birthday Anniversary.

It was a nice home gathering on Saturday the 28th inst., at the beautiful home of grand-mother Elizabeth McWilliams, near Penna. Furnace, where a mixed crowd of old and young folks assembled in the early part of the day to celebrate the old lady's 75th anniversary. An elegant dinner was partaken of, the guests spent the day in good cheer and recalling incidents of long ago.

The old lady was born near Pine Grove Mills and has spent her entire life in that neighborhood. Her kind heart, generous hospitality and Christain character has indeared her to a large circle of friends who wish her many more anniversary's

Trout Run Resident's Strange Death.

Kinley Summerson, who lives near Trout Run, died last Saturday under peculiar circumstances, says the Cross Fork News. He had been hauling logs and not coming in with his last trip a search was instituted about five o'clock and he was found lying unconscious near his team. He was taken to his home where he died before medical aid arrived. The deceased leaves a wife and two children.

Jersey Shore Again Battling With Small Pox.

Another outbreak of smallpox has occurred at Jersey Shore. The disease had been about stamped out of the town through the persistent efforts of the board of health, but was given a fresh impetus recently by the concealment of several cases, says the Williamsport News. Fourteen patients are now in the hospital there. It is believed that there will be no further spread of the malady as the authorities of the town have taken all possible precaution to protect its citizens.

Last Saturday the members of Samuel Creager's family living on Upper Broad street were suddenly taken ill. Mr. and Mrs. Crayer and five children were seized with attacks of nausea. Despite the fact that two of the children did not partake of the dish, attending physician attributed the trouble to some fish which had been served at supper. The alleged poisoning occasioned excitement and it is estimated that forty or fifty neighbors visited the Creager home during Saturday night and Sunday.

Early last week it was discovered that the Creagers were afflicted with smallpox and that their illness on Saturday night was the first development of the disease.

On Wednesday the mother and five children were taken to the hospital. All were ill with smallpox except the youngest child, who was considered too small to be separated from its mother. The father showed no signs of smallpox and has since been quarantined in his home.

In compliance with a persistent request from the health authorities of Williamsport and Lock Haven, the school board of Jersey Shore has temporarily closed the school building which was attended by the Creager children.

It is believed that this new outbreak at Jersey Shore has been caused by people concealing cases of smallpox. As an instance a janitor of one of the school buildings was off duty several days with an attack of supposed chicken pox. The health authorities have a suspicion now that the man had an attack of genuine smallpox. It is also believed that the failure to enforce vaccination is also responsible in a measure. In one school it was ascertained that one-half of the scholars had never been vaccinated.

In many cities of the state the health authorities are fighting against the spread of smallpox. The schools of Duncannon are closed on account of the prevalence of the disease at that place, and at Altoona six new cases of smallpox were found Friday in the home of Ephriam Daughenbaugh. Several members of the family have been ailing for several days, but have been circulating among neighbors without restriction. Until Friday they were without medical attendance.

Tyrone's "Woman in Black."

Tyrone is having the "woman in black" scare just now. This lady has a habit of wandering from town to town, frightening inoffensive men, and, it is said, carrying off children who are out at night. Just who she is, is unknown, but she is thought to be a vampire, dead and inhabiting the grave by day, and alive and coming out at night to feast on the blood of men and children. This Tyrone vampire, if such the "woman in black" is, avoids women. An ancient method of preventing the vampire's attack, which is always at the victim's throat, which the vampire pierces during the victim's sleep, and from which the victim's blood is sucked, is to make a wreath of garlic leaves and wear it about the neck.

Vampire's live until their hearts are pierced by one that loves them best, wandering about the earth at night, but returning to the grave by day. If a vampire is not killed during the life of those who loved it before it died, humanly speaking, or before it became a vampire, it lives forever and there is but slight chance for the selected victim to escape its attacks. The worst danger of the vampire is that whoever is attacked by one becomes a vampire after death, and seeks to gain possessions of those she or he (for they are of both sexes) loved most in life. They travel thousands of miles in a single night, but if they should be caught out of the grave by the rising sun they are harmless, and powerless to enter until night and if their grave be covered with garlic they can never again enter, and can no longer do any one injury, becoming merely inoffensive, shivering and suffering ghosts.—Huntingdon Journal.

An Old Bill.

'Squire Joseph L. Holter has in his possession the oldest piece of money in this community. It is an $8,00 Continental bill, dated April 10, 1774, and signed by Maddis Helpham, and is well preserved. This bill is quite a curiosity. If you desire to see it call on the 'Squire.—Hustler.

OUR BOROUGH COUNCIL.

Closing Session of Old Council and Opening of the New.

J. M. CUNNINGHAM ELECTED PRES.

William T. Kelley is the Newly Elected Clerk of Council—Burgess Walker and Treasurer Meek Sworn In.

THREE NEW COUNCILMEN SEATED

The retiring boro council held its final meeting Monday morning and wound up its business preparatory to the coming in of the new boro fathers. President Reynolds was in the chair with the following members present: Potter, Knisely, Kirk, Whittaker, Mallory, Cunningham, Derstine.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read by the clerk, Mr. Pontius, and were duly adopted.

The boilers at the water works have been inspected and found in good condition.

The Finance Committee reported $7,268 as due from Tax Collector H. S. Taylor on his duplicates and from S. D. Ray $425.00 making a total of $7,693. On the water rent for the last year there is due $2,485.

The other standing committees had nothing of importance to report.

There is a tax due the Commonwealth of $485 for which an order was drawn.

Dr. Kirk moved that an order for $2000 be drawn to be placed in the Sinking fund. Mr. Mallory seconded the motion and it was so ordered.

The report of boro Treasurer was as follows:

Receipts.

Balance in Hand Feb 16	$ 85, 29
Feb 18 E Noll water contract	6, 00
March 2, Sam Rine water acct	140, 00
	241, 29
Disbursements:	
Water Orders Paid	139.04
Balance in fund	92.25
Boro Acct:—	
Receipts:—	
Feb 16—1903 Bal in fund	101, 55
26— " T. Shaughnessy	10, 90
28— " " "	5, 05
March 2—Hugh S. Taylor 99 dup	500, 00
2— " " 1900 "	200, 00
	817, 50
Disbursements:	
March 2 Boro Orders Paid	124, 76
Balance	692, 74

Boro Solicitor Fortney submitted a report showing the work accomplished in his department during the past year. Two valuable ordinances have been passed and route of two streets been laid out.

Bills amounting to $2,274.30 were ordered paid.

Before adjourning sine die Col. Reynolds made a very graceful speech in which he thanked the members of council for their uniform courtesy, and also the committees which he had appointed for the way they had performed their duties.

NEW COUNCIL ORGANIZES.

It was arranged that the new council should meet at 11 o'clock and it was a few minutes ahead of this time when Justice-of-the-Peace John Keichline arrived and swore in the new officials. The first to take the oath of office were the three new councilman, Messrs. Harry Fenlon, Joseph Wise and W. R. Jenkins. Then the new Burgess W. Harrison Walker stepped forward and was sworn in for his three years term.

The last one to receive the oath was Boro Treasurer Geo. R. Meek. The squire had been swearing everybody in for three year terms, so when he came to Treasurer Meek he did the same much, to the amusement of all present, as Mr. Meek's term is only for one year. It raised quite a laugh at Mr. Meek's expense.

Clerk Pontius then called the new council to order and asked for nominations for President. J. Mitchell Cunningham was nominated by acclamation and made a very appropriate speech on taking the chair. He called for nominations for clerk and William Kelly and John Lane were placed in nomination. Kelly was elected on the first ballot by a vote of 8 to 1, Council then adjourned to meet at 7:30 p. m.

President Cunningham was in the chair and called the meeting to order. Every member was in his seat as follows: Reynolds, Whittaker, Jenkins, Kirk, Mallory, Derstine, Wise and Fenlon.

The new clerk, Mr. Kelley, was in the chair occupied so long by Mr. Pontius.

The ushering in of a new council naturally attracts great attention and especially so in this case, as this was a democratic council, the first in many years. There were quite a number of citizens present and an air of expectancy and suppressed excitement pervaded the atmosphere.

The first thing President Cunningham did after calling the meeting to order was to announce his standing committees as follows:

Finance—Jenkins, Reynolds, Mallory.
Water—Fenlon, Whittaker, Wise.
Street—Derstine, Wise, Fenlon.
Fire and Police—Whittaker, Jenkins, Wise.
Market—Jenkins, Derstine, Kirk.
Village Improvement — Reynolds, Mallory, Kirk.
Nuisance—Kirk, Mallory, Fenlon.

President Cunningham then announced a Special Water Works Improvement Committee as follows: Fenlon, Whittaker, Wise, Jenkins, Derstine.

The appointments seem to give general satisfaction in most cases. Dr. Kirk, who last year played so prominent a part on the water committee, is this year placed where he will do the least damage, on the Nuisance, Village Improvement and Market committee. The relegating of the Doctor, to the realms of innocuous desuetude is a tacit admission on the part of President Cunningham that the criticisms preferred against the water committee through the columns of the DAILY NEWS were entirely true and is a complete vindication of this papers course.

After announcing the committees President Cunningham gave a fifteen minute recess to allow the different committees to consult and make their recommendations for the offices of Street Commissioner, Water Superintendent and Police.

Upon recouvening Chairman Derstine announced that the street committee was unable to agree on a man for Street Commissioner, so it was left to a vote of council. The names of John Howley, Thomas Shaughnessy Sr., Joel H. Johnson, S. H. Charles and William Dawson were presented. The first ballot resulted Shaughnessy 4, Howley 2, Dawson 2, Johnson 1. On the second ballot Shaughnessy was nominated the vote being Shaughnessy 5, Howley, 2 Dawson 2.

Chairman Fenlon of the Water Committee announced that the committee favored Samuel Ryan for Water Superintendent for the ensuing year. He was elected by acclamation. This will be Mr. Ryan's 24th year in this capacity. Quite an honorable record.

The present police force was re-appointed on the recommendation of the Fire and Police Committee. They are Amos Mullen and George Jodon.

D. F. Fortney was re-elected boro solicitor and Henry Wetzel, boro engineer.

The bonds of Poor Overseer Samuel Diehl and High Constable Benjamin Williams were offered and approved.

Dr. Locke complained in regarded to carner loafing near his home on Spring street. It was referred to Burgess Walker with power to act.

The retiring Burgess Edmund Blanchard handed in a report for the entire three years of his term of office which reflected the greatest credit on that official. No Burgess of Bellefonte in the past, has ever made so excellent a record and he can well be proud of it. Burgess Walker will have to hustle to equal it. Mr. Blanchard has turned in from fines in the past three years, the sum of $648.83

Col. Reynolds arose and moved that Council extend a vote of thanks to Burgess Blanchard for the efficient manner in which he had discharged his duties, and for the full and complete report he had always rendered council. This motion was seconded by Mr. Fenlon and carried.

Burgess Walker made a very neat inaugural address in which he emphasized the necessity of an ordinance book for the boro ordinances. He declared his intention of enforcing all laws on statue books. Referred to the fact, that he intended to stop loafing on the streets. Drunks will be arrested and order enforced. It is his desire to give the boro a good clean administration.

At this point the President of the Council called upon D. F. Fortney, Esq. the newly elected solicitor for remarks. He said in substance that when the council desired to do anything, outside of the ordinary routine business, they should make it their business to consult him, as to the legality of the matter before action was taken. He also stated that while all the committees had their duties to perform they had no right or authority to make new con-

Continued on page 4.

GOVERNOR PENNYPACKER

Makes a Strong Plea for the Forests of the State.

TWO DATES FOR ARBOR DAY

The First and Third Fridays in April to be Observed—The Good Work of the Forestry Commission is Commended.

MOVEMENT FOR PRESERVATION

HARRISBURG, March 4.—Governor Pennypacker has issued the following Arbor Day proclamation:

"The success which the Forestry Reservation Commission of Pennsylvania has achieved in the acquisition of valuable forest lands and in reclaiming the once wooded areas of our state, has been a source of much encouragement to the people who are interested in the restoration of our forests and in beautifying our parks and highways.

"The lack of forest lands is a menace to the water supply and greatly affects the climatic conditions of the country. Everyone is under obligation to render aid in this important work, which benefits not only the state, but the entire country. Nature alone cannot repair the injury, but it is necessary that we join with her in replacing the forests.

"In order that a movement so essential and valuable may continue and in order that our citizens may have an opportunity to contribute to this laudable work, by planting trees to protect our lands, and beautify our streets and highways.

"I, Samuel W. Pennypacker, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with law, do hereby designate and proclaim Friday, the third day of April and Friday, the seventeenth day of April, A. D. 1903, to be observed as Arbor Days throughout the Commonwealth.

"Two days are designated for the observance of this duty. Inasmuch as the climatic conditions may render one of those days more favorable for the purpose intended than the other, the selection between them is left with the citizens of the various sections of the Commonwealth.

"Given under my hand and the great seal of the State at the city of Harrisburg, this third day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and three, and of the Commonwealth the one hundred and twenty-seventh.

(Signed) SAMUEL W. PENNYPACKER.

"By the Governor:
"FRANK M. FULLER,
"Secretary of the Commonwealth."

Gone to Philadelphia.

Capt. Wm. H. Fry, of Pine Grove Mills, who seizes every opportunity to improve his profession that of veterinary surgeon, left on the early train Monday morning to attend the annual meeting of the State Veterinary Association at the University of Pennsylvania.

He is one of the committee of Animal Husbandry of the State, also secretary for Centre county. He has an extensive practice and is called to all parts of centre and adjoining counties where a surgeon is needed. The Doctor has a good deal of professional spirit, and in order to keep abreast of the times attends all such meetings east and west. While in the city he will register at the Continental, one of the most popular Philadelphfa hotels.

He took with him Miss Sadie Fry, of Shingletown, to the Presbyterian hospital for an opperation for a tumor growth. He was also accompanied by his wife.

Jollification at Boalsburg.

The moving of the old Hasson house at Boalsburg on Wednesday caused more excitement in that quiet town than did the old Penns Valley batallion drills years ago. The house was set on skids of which one end was placed on the front gears of wagons drawn by twenty horses and a traction engine. The house was taken though the main street, breaking down trees, telephone wires and rasing havock in general, and finally the Boal farm reached where the building will be used for tenant purposes. Men, women and children were out in full force to see the moving and the town presented a 'circus day" appearance.

Hospital for Consumptives.

Dr. Lawrence F. Flick, of Philadelphia, appeared before the house of representatives at a special meeting Tuesday night in favor of the bill appropriating $300,000 for the free hospital for poor consumptives at White Haven. Dr Flick expailned the work of the institution and said the results showed that it was possible to cure consumption at the hospital with the proper care.

SHORT AND PITHY.

The Weekly Republican only $1,00 per year.

China is now wondering whether Venezuela will pay in gold or silver.

The weather we are having at present does not savor much of the ground hog regime.

Despite the enterprise of the United States, Chili gets her warships built in one-fourth the time.

The Supreme Court has determined that Congress has absolute power over interstate commerce.

The most striking feature of the recent D. A. R. Congress in Washington has been——the gowns.

Secretary Root denies his intention of resigning from the Cabinet. Are we to understand he is rooted there?

Secretary Cortelyou estimated the expenses of his new department at $1,375,000. Congress gave him $200,000.

President Roosevelt may not think much of it but it will be difficult to convince the Spaniards that the marksmanship of the navy is poor.

Mr. Andrew Carnegie has given $100,000 to found a school for librarians. Perhaps he will now take in hand the schooling of some author.

Queen Wilhelmina does not want to act as arbitrator. She has a good reason for declining. President Roosevelt would not accept arduous and thankless undertaking.

When the new office building for members of Congress is completed there will be an electric car service to carry the members to and from the House Senate chambers.

A copy of the Pentateuch written in Samaritan characters on gazelle parchment, in the year 735 A. D., has just been discovered in Syria and is now in safe keeping in Cairo.

The Standard Oil Company paid the largest dividends last year of any of the big trusts. It is not surprising that its officers oppose the publicity feature of the Department of Commerce bill.

In the Homestead Mills of the Carnegie Company 4,000 men with improved machinery produce three times the amount of steel produced by 15,000 men in the Krupp works in Germany

It is now suggested that as a delicate return of Emperor William's compliment in sending us a statue of Frederick the Great, the United States sent Germany a statue of President Monroe.

We do not hear much of murderer Tillman. With all the evidence they have of his crime and cowardly murder of Editor Gonzales, there seems to be little effort to railroad him to the gallows.

We like the manner of the new council in eliminating politics from the discharge of there duties. We expect great results from our borough "dads" and are certain not to be disappointed.

A Chicago college professor has the temerity to say that every human system is a minature distillery. We suspect that the Professor will be quite "still" when Mrs. Nation gets through with him.

A church census of New York City shows 636,000 infidels. The "Yellowest" sermons and the most perfect and expensive operatic music seem to have lost their drawing power in the greatest city of America.

Messrs. Wetzel and Kepler voted against the bill to make the minimum salary of school teachers $35 per month. Young Men this is when you made one great big mistake, as you will learn somewhat later.

The United States Bureau of Soils has devised instruments so delicate that they will determine within a few pounds the exact amount of the leading plant foods on an acre of ground, to a depth of one foot.

Some indications of the report of the Coal Strike Commission is furnished by Judge Gray's statement that "when 100,000 men are employed doing work that could be done by 75,000 there is bound to be trouble."

Senator Elect Smoot is in Washington to take his seat in the dignified and most respectable body of legislators. We do most seriously object to his taking his seat, and framing laws for those of us who hold the national government to be the highest power of the land, whilst his first allegiance is to the leaders of the Mormon Church.

The balance in the State Treasury is away up in the millions, but judging from the manner in which the members of the legislature are reaching for it, there will be little of it in sight when they get through business.

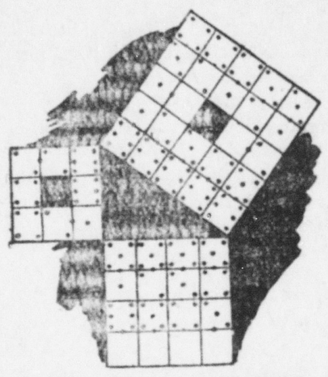
DOMINOS AND GEOMETRY.

Clever Method of Demonstrating a Proposition In Euclid.

Here is a very clever method of demonstrating a proposition in mathematics which will interest and at the same time instruct our boys and girls and will give those who are not very far advanced in arithmetic a glimpse of the pleasures in store for them when they enter upon the study of geometry:

No proposition in mathematics has been the cause of more perplexity than No. 47 in the first book of Euclid—the square described on the hypotenuse of a right angled triangle is equal to the sum of the squares described on the other two sides.

We know that the hypotenuse is less than the other two sides taken together, and it seems reasonable to assume that the square described upon



THE SQUARES ON THE TRIANGLE.

it should also be less. But we know at the same time that the proposition may be readily demonstrated. Indeed many of us have demonstrated it time and again.

Perhaps it may simplify the matter somewhat if we use dominos to show how this demonstration may be made, and the accompanying illustration has been drawn for this purpose.

Each domino, as you know, is a rectangle composed of two squares. Having drawn a right angled triangle, we proceed to construct a square upon the hypotenuse by means of the dominos. We find that we may form a perfect square by placing twelve dominos as shown in the picture—that is to say, we have twenty-four squares, with an empty space in the center equal to one of the squares, or twenty-five equal squares in all.

On the second side of the triangle we place four dominos, which, with the empty space in the center, gives us nine equal squares, and on the third side we place eight dominos, giving us sixteen equal squares.

This completes the demonstration, for we have twenty-five squares on the hypotenuse and sixteen plus nine, or twenty-five, squares on the other two sides.

Jack Saw Them.

One day the primary teacher had been talking about Jack and Jill and asked the little people to draw a picture showing what she had told them. When the pictures were gathered, it was noticed that one little boy had drawn several stars about Jack's head. The teacher said:

"Why, Freddie, why do you have those stars in the picture? It was in the daytime when Jack and Jill went for the water."

Freddie looked up as if surprised at the dullness of the teacher and said:

"Why, Miss ——, they are the stars that Jack saw when he fell down."

Pins and Marbles.

Each boy or girl receives three pins, which are stuck upright in the carpet. Marbles are then used to bowl over the pins. Naturally there must be a prearranged place for the pins to be stuck and for the bowler to stand in order that everybody shall have an equal chance. If more than one boy or girl should succeed in downing all three pins in the three bowls allowed by the rules, the successful players can have "rubber" games together until one or the other becomes champion.—Washington Star.

An Easy Task.

Bob had been taught never to tell tales, and he meant to live up to his teaching, but sometimes it was hard work.

"Bob," said his mother one day, "I left a dish of peppermints on my table this morning and there isn't one there now. Have you and Carl eaten them?"

"I haven't eaten one," said Bob stoutly, "but"—then he remembered he must not be a talebearer. "Well—perhaps, if—you'd better just smell Carl, and I guess then you'll know all about it!"

A Genuine Achievement.

"My son," said the old lady proudly, "is a surgeon of great ability. Why, when there was a railroad wreck down here a little while ago he saved the life of a man that was fatally injured."—Washington Times.

A Good Thing For Dinner.

"I had something I like for my dinner today," said the poor man, "but it didn't do me any good."

"You don't say! What was it?"

"A magnificent appetite."—Philadelphia Press.

If you board, look on the bright side. Nothing is better for the system than prunes.—Atchison Globe.

One pound of sheep's wool is capable of producing one yard of cloth.

THE GIRL WHO IS LOVED.

She Must Be Admired by Those of Her Own Sex.

A woman cannot be said to be truly attractive or popular unless she is loved and admired by the members of her own sex as well as the opposite. She must be welcomed by all, old and young, male and female, or she cannot be called an attractive woman without reservation.

She must be herself, her best self, at all times and with all people. She must think and act for herself and express her own opinions rather than try to copy some person she may admire or who is admired by the lords of creation. Individuality when combined with polite manner and tact is always attractive. A woman's happy, infectious laugh is better than medicine or advice, and her cheery presence is as welcome as the sunshine.

A girl to be truly popular never says mean things about other girls, thinking that the men will like her better, and she doesn't try to monopolize the attentions of all the men at once, but is willing to let other girls have their share of admiration and attention along with her. She doesn't mope and retreat within herself if there are no men about to admire her, but she cheerfully sets about making the best of matters without them and making such companions as she has happier and brighter for her presence.

If she has a grievance, she keeps it to herself, for a woman with a grievance is very soon voted a bore. The weeping, fainting, sad eyed young woman is very much out of style nowadays not only in novels, but in real life, and the healthy, happy, independent, cheerful and sunny girl has totally eclipsed her in popularity.—American Queen.

A Homemade Scales.

A good enough balance for ordinary purposes is made by suspending two equal pieces of thin board, tin or cardboard from points six inches to right and left of a knot in the middle of a yard long cord, the ends of which are

AN EASY WAY TO WEIGH.

tied to two nails two feet apart. A white card with a mark is tacked up behind the knot. The knot moves to the left when an object is put in the right scale pan. The weights that must be put in the left pan to bring the knot back to the mark give the weight of the object.

Education of Women.

The progress in education is so marked and so well understood as to need but little comment. When in 1851 Mrs. Stanton, Lucy Stone and I made a demand that girls in the state of New York should be permitted an opportunity for a college education, there was not even a high school open to them in the whole United States. Oberlin, O., was the only college they could enter, and there were no preparatory schools to fit them for that institution. At the present time they are admitted to all the state universities except those of Virginia, Georgia and Louisiana and to all the large universities of the middle and western states. The unwarranted and retrogressive action of Chicago university in "segregating" the women students shows that the battle is not entirely over, but the end is in sight.—Susan B. Anthony in Collier's Weekly.

A Sewing Convenience.

Here is a good suggestion for the benefit of busy mothers who do their own sewing and have many interruptions, thereby losing thimble and needle: Take some dark cretonne or any heavy material and make a small bag the shape of an open envelope about seven inches long. Sew a safety pin on the point of the envelope, put a small whalebone across the back to keep it firm and straight and stitch it strong. Then put in thread, thimble, scissors, some tape and a few buttons of various sizes. Pin the envelope to the side, and thus equipped many a necessary stitch will be taken and time and temper saved.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Keep Your Temper.

Don't exhaust all your reserve force over petty cares. Each time that one loses control over herself, her nerves, her temper, she loses just a little nervous force, just a little physical well being and moves a fraction of an inch farther on in the path that leads to premature old age, says the Philadelphia Inquirer.

A Noisy Parrot.

One morning when the milkman came in the gate Polly was in the window and said to him, "Get out of here!" The milkman, supposing it was one of the family, went away thinking we had a very impolite way of letting him know when we didn't wish m... He did not get far when he heard, "Sweet corn, green peas, strawberries!" and recognizing Polly's voice he saw how he had been deceived and came back and gave us our milk.—Exchange.

It was to combat and expose quacks and fools that laughter was invented.—Thackeray.

MAGIC SOAP BUBBLES.

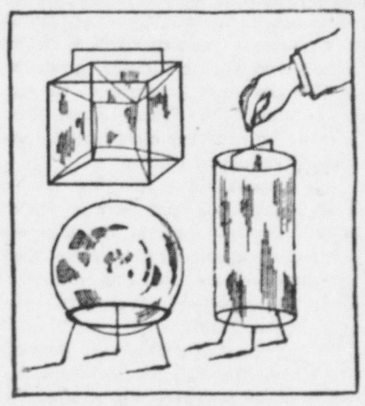
You May Make Them Round, Cylindrical or Cube Shaped.

Blowing soap bubbles, as it is ordinarily done, is a very pretty amusement, but it becomes more than pretty if you go about it in a semiscientific way.

The first thing to do is to prepare good material, for you want the bubbles to be strong enough to last a good while, so that you may do the things with them which will presently be described. Make a strong solution of white castile soap in tepid water, and then run the water through a filter so as to get clear of the undissolved particles of soap. To the liquid thus strained off add glycerin in the proportion of two parts to three parts of the soap water. Shake the mixture well, and set it aside for a little while, when a film will form on the surface. Skim off the film and pour the liquid into another vessel. It will retain its qualities for an indefinite time.

A large bowled clay pipe will do for blowing the bubbles. You will need a rest for the bubbles, and to get this you must bend a piece of smooth iron wire into a perfect circle and give it three wire legs to stand on. Moisten the wire with glycerin and blow a big bubble with the pipe, letting it sink gently until it rests on the wire ring. It will at once adhere to the wire and leave the pipe. Keep it sheltered from drafts of air, and it will last a long time. The wire ring should be about three inches in diameter.

Now if you have ready another wire ring of the same diameter, with a wire stem attached by which you can handle



HOW THE BUBBLES WILL LOOK.

it, you can make an experiment that will astonish you, perhaps. Moisten this ring also with glycerin and let it come gently in contact with the upper surface of the bubble. Then lift the ring slowly and the bubble will lengthen outward into the form of a cylinder. Lower the ring again and the bubble will resume its round shape.

To vary your experiments make an outline cube of wire with a handle by which it may be lifted. In this case file the wire a little so that it may not be too smooth. Plunge this wire cube completely in the soap water and when you draw it out you will see in the center of it a square sheet of water, very thin, each side of which is united to the corresponding edge of the cube by a liquid film.

Now to make a beautiful transformation plunge only the lower face of the cube into the liquid and the water will form a cubic bubble in the middle of the cube. The whole figure will be made up of six truncated pyramids of perfect form and will glisten with all the hues of the rainbow. Then with a slip of blotting paper break away one of the surfaces of the cubic bubble and the original square will reappear.

These experiments may be varied in many ways.—New York Press.

A Clever Little Trick.

Make two bread pills and say to the spectators that you are going to throw one of them away and put the other in your left hand, which you will close. Then the thrown away pill will come into the left hand while the latter is closed. Here is the way to do the trick: Hold one of the pills between the thumb and first finger of your right hand for every one to see. Then make a motion as if throwing it away, but by a deft unseen motion of your thumb you must slip it between the first and second fingers, where you can keep it concealed. Now take up the second pill and place it in your left hand, skillfully placing the other pill there at the same time by letting it slip from between your fingers. Close your left hand quickly and then after a few words open your hand and show both pills in it. It will require only a little practice to make your performance of this trick so deceptive that no one can "catch" you.

Adam and the Tailor.

"This," said the guide, "is the grave of Adam."

Historic spot! With reverential awe—nay, with a feeling of deep thankfulness—the wealthy merchant tailor on his first trip to the orient drew near and cast a flower on the tomb. "Erring ancestor," he murmured, "I should be the last man on earth to revile your memory. To your sin I owe my prosperity."—Chicago Tribune.

Where He Located.

Stuffer (at the end of Simpkins' ball)—Do you know, I can't find my overcoat anywhere.

Simpkins—Have you looked in the refreshment room?

Stuffer—Why, no! How could it be in there?

Simpkins—You haven't been anywhere else during the evening, have you?

FUR FASHIONS.

Originality the Keynote of This Year's Garments.

Fur stoles are growing wider and even flatter. One of the newest ways of wearing them consists in tying the stole in a loose knot directly over the bust and letting the ends hang unevenly.

Muffs are very flat and larger than ever; they are trimmed with paws and tails.

The graduated collar with long stole ends is another smart style. Baum marten is especially effective made up

FUR COAT.

this way with three little groups of paws and tails. The loose sack coat of squirrel is often lined with ermine and has a wide shawl collar of the same fur. This makes a very artistic garment.

The expensive Russian sable is closely imitated in this year's dyes of fine baum marten.

Next to the sack coat, the blouse style postilion back is the favorite style in fur coats.

The illustration shows one of these garments. It is made of sable with wide revers, a blouse front and a tight fitting postilion back.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

Dividing a Long Sermon.

Dr. Samuel Buell of the last half of the eighteenth century, who used to preach two or three hours, like Isaac Barrows, was ingenious in detaining his congregation. On one occasion, after preaching nearly two hours—as long as he could feel secure in the presence of all his hearers—he remarked that he was done preaching to sinners and that they were at liberty to go. The rest of his discourse would be addressed to good people.

A gentleman who once went to hear him stated that when the hourglass was nearly ready to be turned a second time from the commencement of his sermon he said, much to the relief of the person who related it, "Once more." After going on some eight or ten minutes longer he said, "To conclude," and after another about equal interval he said, "Lastly."

The gentleman added that he expected every moment to hear him say "Everlastingly."

Grandma's Cure For Dandruff.

"We often scoff at the ancient grandmother remedies," said a physician the other day in conversation with a patient, "but our forefathers used to get a power of comfort from them nevertheless, and cheaply too. Science has progressed wonderfully, of course, and we are much better off on the whole now than were our sires, but we forget a great many of the little things. Now, I notice that you are troubled with dandruff, and I'll wager that you have spent many dollars on different alleged cures, and you are worse off now than when you commenced. Let me give you a 'grandmother' prescription that never fails. Go to a drug store and buy 5 cents' worth of salts of tartar. Dissolve half of it in warm water and wash the head thoroughly. Repeat this at intervals of three months for a year, and you won't be annoyed with dandruff any more."

The Test of Greatness.

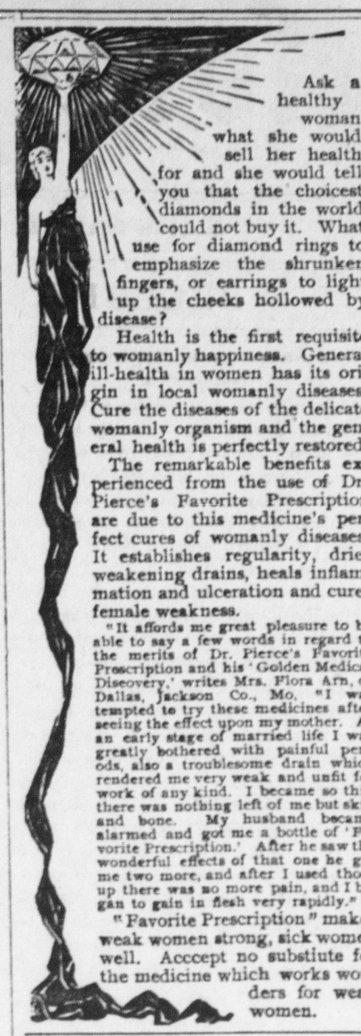
When Elliston went from London to his own theater at Birmingham, he was known to scarcely a member of his own company. On reprimanding one of them sharply the irate actor threatened to kick him off the stage. He rushed to the stage manager and asked who that man was.

"Mr. A——," said the manager.

"A great man, a very great man," said Elliston. "He threatened to kick me, the lessee of Drury Lane. Such a man as that must go to London. He mustn't waste his energies here." And he engaged the actor on the spot for Drury Lane.

Hundreds of lives saved every year by having Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in the house just when it is needed. Cures croup, heals burns, cuts, wounds of every sort.

One Minute Cough Cure
For Coughs, Colds and Croup.
C. M. Parrish.



Ask a healthy woman what she would sell her health for and she would tell you that the choicest diamonds in the world could not buy it. What use for diamond rings to emphasize the shrunken fingers, or earrings to light up the cheeks hollowed by disease?

Health is the first requisite to womanly happiness. General ill-health in women has its origin in local womanly diseases. Cure the diseases of the delicate womanly organism and the general health is perfectly restored.

The remarkable benefits experienced from the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription are due to this medicine's perfect cures of womanly diseases. It establishes regularity, dries weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness.

"It affords me great pleasure to be able to say a few words in regard to the merits of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and his 'Golden Medical Discovery,' writes Mrs. Flora Arn, of Dallas, Jackson Co., Mo. "I was tempted to try these medicines after seeing the effect upon my mother. At an early stage of married life I was greatly bothered with painful periods, also a troublesome drain which rendered me very weak and unfit for work of any kind. I became so thin there was nothing left of me but skin and bone. My husband became alarmed and got me a bottle of 'Favorite Prescription.' After he saw the wonderful effects of that one he got me two more, and after I used those up there was no more pain, and I began to gain in flesh very rapidly."

"Favorite Prescription" makes weak women strong, sick women well. Accept no substiute for the medicine which works wonders for weak women.

Sulphur and Silver.

A sailor in the custom house the other day took out of his pocket some silver coins that had a strange yellow hue, and a clerk said to him, "What makes your money such a funny color, Jack?" "Well," replied the mariner, "we just got in with a cargo of fuel oil. It's the oil that turned my money yellow. Fuel oil has that effect on every kind of metal. You ought to be on a fuel oil steamer some time. It would surprise you to see the cabin silverware, the kitchen tins and every blasted bit of metal on board all having the jaundiced look. There is sulphur in fuel oil, and it's this sulphur that does the yellowing. Nitric acid will bring back the original color again."—Philadelphia Record.

Outward and Visible Signs.

Ambitious Young Woman—Tell me honestly, do you think I ever will make a great actress?

Experienced Manager—Not unless you can subdue that bright and cheerful smile. Haven't you learned by observing the pictures of great actresses that they all wear a look of tragic and profound gloom?—Chicago Tribune.

Lucky For the Ancestors.

"It's a great thing to have a fine line of ancestors."

"Doubtless it is, and it's a mighty good thing, too, that some of these fine lines of ancestors couldn't look into the future and see their descendants."—Chicago Post.

A hopeless man is deserted by himself, and he who deserts himself is soon deserted by his friends.

How Wheat Came to Earth.

A classic account of the distribution of wheat over the primeval world shows that Ceres, having taught her favorite, Triptolemus, the art of agriculture and the science of breadmaking, gave him her chariot, a celestial vehicle, and that in it he traveled night and day, distributing this valuable bread grain among all nations of the earth.

ALL WRONG.

The Mistake is Made by Many Bellefonte Citizens.

Don't mistake the cause of backache.

To be cured you must know the cause.

It is wrong to imagine relief is cure.

Backache is kidney ache.

A Bellefonte resident tells you how this can be done.

Mr. William Valence, East Lamb Street, night watchman, says.

"For 2 years or more off and on, I had trouble with my back and pains in the upper part of my spine accompanied by a disagreeable feeling in my head and acute lameness right over my kidneys. At first I thought it was my liver but later found it arose from the kidneys no acting properly. I read of the many cures that had been made in Bellefonte by Doan's Kidney Pills and I got them at F. Potts Green's drug store. They stopped the annoyance from the kidneys and removed the lameness and aching in my back. They did me any amount of good and I do not hesitate to recommend them."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster—Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doans—and take no substitute.

Women as Well as Men Are Made Miserable by Kidney Trouble.

Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased.

Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.

Home of Swamp-Root.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address Binghamton,, N. Y. on every bottle.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Scene in the Valley de Mendiz, Portugal.

Group of Girls Carrying Weighty Baskets Full of Grapes to the Winery to be Crushed and Made into Wine.

The Speer Wine Company, Passaic N. J.,

have their vineyards stocked of the same grape, the only vineyard of the kind in this country, the vines were imported and planted here over forty years ago. The Speer Port wine and Burgundy are now regarded the finest in the world their rich, full body and high character is unexcelled. Invalids, weakly persons, especially females, and the aged are made strong and vigorous by its use, as a medicinal wine it has no equal as a family wine it has no superior. First class physicians all over the country, here and in Europe who have tried them recommend them as the best.

A close study by physicians of the effect of different brands of wines on the system convinces them of the superiority of the Speer Passaic wines for their patients.

Sold by Druggists and Grocers.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address Royal Medicine Co., 269 Dearborn St. CHICAGO, ILL.

Sold by C. M. Parrish.

KIDNEY DISEASES

are the most fatal of all diseases.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE Is a Guaranteed Remedy

or money refunded. Contains remedies recognized by eminent physicians as the *best* for Kidney and Bladder troubles.

PRICE 50c. and $1.00.

C, M, Parrish

AN APPEAL TO SENATORS

President Roosevelt Sent in a Message on Friday

REGARDING THE PHILIPPINES

A Cablegram Has Been Received from Governor Taft -There is Danger of a Famine in the Islands.

A PLAN OF RELIEF SET FORTH

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—The president, late yesterday afternoon, sent the following message to the senate :

I have just received a cable from Gov. Taft, which runs as follows :

"Necessity for passage of house tariff bill, most urgent. The conditions of productive industry and business considerably worse than in November, the date of last report, and growing worse each month. Some revival in sugar, tobacco prices, due to expectation of tariff law. The interest of Filipinos in sugar and tobacco extensive, and failure of the bill will be a blow in the face of those interests. Number of tobacco factories will have to close and many sugar haciendas will be put up for sale at a sacrifice if the bill will not pass. Customs receipts have fallen off this month one-third, showing decrease of purchasing power of islands. General business stagnant. All political parties, including labor unions, most strenuous in petition for tariff bill. Effect of its failure very discouraging."

Vice Gouernor Luke Wright endorses in the strongest manner all that Governor Taft has said and states that he has the gravest apprehension as to the damage that may come to the islands if there is not a substantial reduction in the tariff levied against Philippine goods coming into the United States. I very earnestly ask that this matter receive the immediate attention of congress and that the relief prayed for be granted.

The rice crop, already reduced by various causes to but a fourth of its ordinary size, has been damaged by locusts so that the price of rice has already doubled.

"Under these circumstances there is imminent danger of famine in the islands. Congress has in course of passage a bill generously appropriating $3,000,000 to meet the immediate needs, but the indispensable and pre-eminent need is the resurrection of productive industry from the prostration into which it has been thrown by the causes above enumerated. I ask action in the tariff matter not merely from the stand point of wise government policy but as a measure of humanity in response to an appeal to which this great people should not close its ears. We have assumed responsibilities towards the Philippine Islands which we are in honor bound to fulfill. We have the specific duty of taking every measure in our power to see to their prosperity. The first and most important step in this direction has been accomplished by the joint action of the military and civil authorities, in securing peace and civil government. The wisdom of congress at the present session has provided for them a stable currency and its spirit of humane liberality and justice toward them will be shown in the appropriation now substantially agreed upon of three million dollars to meet the pressing necessities; but their remains a vital need that one thing further shall be done. The calamities which have befallen them as above enumerated could have been averted by no human wisdom. They cannot be completely repaired; but the suffering can be greatly alleviated and a permanent basis of future prosperity assured if the economic relations of the islands with the United States are put upon a satisfactory basis.

(Signed) THEODORE ROOSEVELT.
White House, Feb. 28 1903.

—Foley's Honey and Tar is best for croup and whooping cough, contains no opiates, and cures quickly. Careful mothers keep it in the house. C. M. Parrish.

Five-story Hotel for Oak Grove.

Architects David C Meyers and Mahlon L. Fisher, of Williamsport, are preparing plans for the five story hotel that capitalists, of that city, expect to build at Oak Grove this summer at a cost of $20,000 or $25,000. Of American colonial design, the structure will be of brick. The drawings provide for more than forty chambers single and ensuite, with and without bathroom connections. In addition to these there are upon the first floor kitchen, pantries store rooms and serving rooms. There are also a spacious dining room, an office, reading room, bar room, lunch room and lavatories for general use. The basement contains a pool room, barber shop, laundry, lavatory, servants room and storage rooms.

Colonist and Homeseekers' Excursion Rates

To points West, Southwest and Northwest will be on sale during February, March, April and May via ILLINOIS CENTRAL Railroad at about one fare plus $2.00 with stopover privileges. Write today for FREE descriptive matter and full particulars to E. A. Richter, Trav. Pass. Agt., Ill. Central R. R. Park Building, Pittsburg, Pa.

Foley's Honey and Tar
for children, safe, sure. No opiates.
C. M. Parrish.

SAYS HE CAN BURN WATER.

The prevailing coal famine has revived the question of using water for fuel, and an inventor of Williamsport announces that he has perfected device whereby that coveted object may be realized in every household. This man is John A. Montgomery, 78 years of age, a warm personal friend of the late Professor Morse, himself an inventor of note.

His inventions that have proved practical number about 30, among them being the machine generally used for sticking pins in papers, a railroad chair, from which certain companies have realized millions, and a telegraph switch he presented to Professor Morse.

Thirty-five years ago, when a student of chemistry, Mr. Montgomery learned that perfect heat is derived from the combustion of one part of oxygen with two parts of hydrogen. Then he recalled that water is composed principally of those two substances in the above proportion. Why then, should water not be made to burn? he asked himself.

For thirty five years he has been trying, off and on, to construct a simple and practical apparatus for separating those two component elements in water and condensing them in the form of combustible gas, and now he says he has succeeded. More than that, he has demonstrated the fessibility of his invention to a number of friends.

Having invited a friend to his home the other evening, Mr. Montgomery led him to the sitting room. In the room was a single heating stove. There was no fire in it, but instead a metal tube curled out from under a grate and protruded as high as the stove, terminating in a funnel.

Drawing a pailful of water from the kitchen hydrant, the inventor began to pour it by the dipperful into the funnel A white blaze shot up from the grate producing intense heat. The water burned perfectly.

"This is what may be done in any stove when my invention is patented," observed Mr. Montgomery. He said he would take great pains to prevent infringement on the patent, which he is about to apply for, before putting the machine on sale. He realizes that only the device is patentable, and not the principal and for that reason fears that he may not get the protection from the government that his long labor and study entitle him to.

—Winter coughs are apt to result in consumption if neglected. They can be soon broken up by using Foley's Honey and Tar. C. M. Parrish.

The Remarkable Case of a Danville Girl, Who is Unable to Swallow.

Dr. P. C. Newbaker, of Danville, has a remarkable case under treatment in which the patient has swallowed no nourishment for a period of thirty-five days, and bids fair to survive for an indefinite time longer, says the News of that place. The case is that of Miss Ella Bennett, who is afflicted with multiple neuritis. This is a peculiar condition in which there is progressive paralysis, and which in the present case renders the patient unable to swollow.

Miss Bennett, who is 41 years of age has been something of an invalid all her life. During a previous attack she was unable to swallow for a period of seventeen days, but survived.

The case at present is remarkable as revealing how long a person can live without eating. Miss Bennett has been ill for about eight months, and hopes of her recovery have been abandoned.

—Mothers can safely give Foley's Honey and Tar to their children for coughs and colds, for it contains no opiates or other poisons. C. M. Parrish.

He Had No Outer Skin.

William Crawford, Doraville, near Susquehanna, Pa., aged 22, who died Saturday was minus an outer skin. The veins stood out all over his body from the time he was 6 years old. Crawford had been subject to bleeding spells, which were liable to break out at any time and in any part of his body. He lost vast quantities of blood and was afraid to take any exercise for fear of starting the bleeding afresh. At the end bleeding at the nose set in. Specialists could do nothing for him as a new skin could not be grafted on.

Quick Justice and Saving of Costs.

C. F. Clark, alias "Steeple Jack," who slashed R. D. Porter with a razor on Monday at Lock Haven, plead guilty Thursday to the indictments charging him with assault and battery with intent to kill and carrying concealed deadly weapons. He was sentenced by the court to three years in the western penetentiary, one dollar fine and costs of prosecution on the former charge and one year, fine and costs on the second charge, making a total of four years.

—The best pill 'neath the stars and stripes; It cleanses the system and never gripes. Little Early Risers of wordly repute—Ask for DeWitt's and take no substitute. A small pill, easy to buy, easy to take and easy to act, but never failing in results. DeWitt's Little Early Risers arouse the secretions and act as a tonic to the liver, curing permanently.

Parrish's Drug Store.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
Cures Colds; Prevents Pneumonia
C. M. Parrish

BEING A GOOD FELLOW.

It Is a Losing Game In the Long Run For Most Men.

Any sensible young man ought to know that he can't be up late nights abusing his stomach and be in full possession of his faculties for business the next day, and he ought to know also that a man must be clear headed and in full possession of his faculties to hold his own in the keen competition of life. Your "good fellow" is popular for the time being, but when his money is gone and he has lost his job and is on his uppers the "good fellow" business doesn't get him anything. It's "poor fellow" then—another good man gone wrong, and "the boys" are ready to hail another "good fellow" who has the price.

We don't mean by this to say that "the boys" are mercenary. They don't altogether pass up a "good fellow" when he goes broke, but it isn't the same. They say he hit the booze too hard and couldn't stand the pace. They feel sorry for him, but he is out of it. His good fellowship doesn't excuse him even in the eyes of his friends for having thrown away his opportunity.

The young man who gets the sleep his system needs, is temperate in his habits, lives within his means and shows up for work in the morning with a clear eye and active brain—that's the man business men are looking for. They want employees whom they can trust. Having worked hard and laid by a competence, they want to throw some of the burdens off, and they won't throw them off on the employee who is too much of a "good fellow."

Cut it out, boys. There's nothing in it. There's a whole lot of nonsense in that "good fellow" business. You can't fool the public very long by living beyond your means and keeping up appearances. There must be a showdown some time or other, and that means a loss of self respect and many bitter experiences. Many a bright and promising business man has failed because he tried to travel in too swift a class, whereas had he lived within his means he might have become a highly successful merchant.

The world doesn't give up its treasures easily. It isn't in the cards for all of us to be millionaires, and mighty few of the "good fellows" get into that class. It's better to earn your way first and go hunting for good times when you have reached the point where you can spare both the time and the money. Then possibly you'll have more sense and have a different notion about what a good time is.—Toledo Bee.

An Enemy of Pansies.

There is one enemy for which the pansy lover must watch like a lynx, and that is a little green worm that seems made on purpose to devour pansies. Where he comes from or why he should exist at all is a mystery. But if you find your little plants stop growing and see the leaves perforated with small holes and your blossoms gnawed behold, your enemy is there. Eternal vigilance alone will save you. Your face must be brought to the surface of the ground. Kneel and turn up every leaf. Doubtless you will find the small green monster curled up and hiding, sucking out all the juices of the plant and so becoming exactly its color, which makes him so difficult to find, and if not checked he will utterly destroy it. He will devour it in a few days.

The Boy.

A boy is an odd piece of furniture, but he is the ground and chief ingredient of the man. Delude not yourself with the belief that the boy is not all he pretends to be, for he is a great deal more. He is an incomprehensible fellow to any one but another boy, and because he will presently grow into the awkward between hay and grass period that separates boyhood from manhood, and to a lumbering idiot then, don't signify that he is an idiot now. He never is. But his chrysalis state fetters him and makes him seem like one sometimes.

The boy is all right.

He Succeeded.

A man arrested for murder bribed an Irishman on the jury with £200 to hang out for a verdict of manslaughter. The jury were out a long time and finally came in with a verdict of manslaughter. The man rushed up to the Irish juror and said: "I'm obliged to you, my friend. Did you have a hard time?"

"Yes," said the Irishman; "an awful time. The other eleven wanted to acquit yer."—London Answers.

The Last Dueling Clergymen.

"When did clergymen cease to fight duels?" is a startling inquiry in Notes and Queries. It will be news to many of us that they were ever fond of that exhilarating pastime. But, as a matter of fact, the Rev. Mr. Allan fought a duel with Lloyd Delany, Esq., and killed him in Hyde park in 1782. He was convicted of manslaughter and fined 1 shilling plus six months in Newgate.

This Will Interest Many.

F. W. Parkhurst, the Boston publisher, says that if anyone afflicted with rheumatism in any form, or neuralgia, will send their address to him at No. 4, Winthrop Building, Boston, Mass., he will direct them to a perfect cure. He has nothing to sell or give; only tells you how he was cured after years of search for relief. Hundreds have tested it with success.

"* * * 1878 Climax."

Is the name of a superior quality of old Brandy distilled and placed on the market by the Speer N. J. Wine Co., as a companion to their Superior Old Port Grape Wine, no better in the world.

WEAK IN THE ALPHABET.

Some Letters That Men Can Never Learn to Make.

"Why is it that with some men some letters of the alphabet are harder to make than others and, in fact, that there are some letters that some men never learned how to make?" asked a young man who takes considerable interest in the matter of handwriting in the New Orleans Times-Democrat. "It is a rather singular fact that nearly every man outside of the experts is weak on one or more of the letters in the English alphabet. Sometimes the letter involved is a capital letter; sometimes it is of the smaller kind; sometimes it is one letter and sometimes another. In any event, you will find few men who are exempt from the failing referred to.

"I know of one man who in spite of the fact that he does a great deal of writing has never learned how to make a capital P. He simply makes a stagger at it, and, as a rule, the result of his efforts will look more like a small p than like the capital P. I know another man who can't make a small f to save his life. He can never get the lower part of the letter below the line. He makes it look like a clubfooted b instead of an f. There are others who, when they try to make the small b, give it the long shank, and it looks more like the letter f. It is rather singular that these traits should hang on to a man's writing for a lifetime, but they do it just the same, and if you make a few inquiries among your friends and acquaintances you will find that but few of them are exempt from this fault.

"It is very much like the habit of spelling certain words incorrectly. Many men who are rated as first class spellers pass through life without ever in a single instance spelling certain words correctly. It is due to habit largely. If you should ask them how to spell the word, they would tell you, but, when they go to write it, that is quite different, and they will get it wrong every time. So they know, too, how certain letters should be made, but they simply can't put them down on paper. It is a curious but common fault."

ANIMAL ODDITIES.

Birds never eat fireflies and really seem to shun their vicinity.

North American reindeer usually select an old doe for their leader.

The temperature of a swallow's body is extraordinarily high, no less than 112 degrees F.

Cats and beasts of prey reflect fifty times as much light from their eyes as human beings.

The average lake trout lays 6,000 eggs each season, and the whitefish a greater number.

The female English viper does not lay eggs. She hatches them internally and brings forth her young alive.

Parrots are usually vegetarians, though the Kea parrots of New Zealand have developed a fondness for sheep.

Garfish, sunfish, basking sharks and dolphins all have the habit of swimming with their eyes above the surface of the water.

Your Signature.

"I should be pleased to exchange cards with you, Mr. Barrow," said Charles Willips, extending his. They had met for the first time. "I'm sorry I have no cards with me," said Barrow. "Allow me to write my address in your memorandum book." "Do you know that is a very dangerous thing to do?" Willips remarked. "It cost me $240 once. I had the habit of carrying no cards and signing my name in a new friend's notebook, just as you are about to do in mine, always on a blank page. One day, after a convivial evening, I was presented with an I O U for that sum, duly signed by myself. It was impossible to dispute it. I had to pay up. But I have never since been so free with my autograph." "By George, I never thought of that!" cried Barrow. "Suppose you write my name down yourself."—New York Press.

Improving Upon Nature.

"What on earth are you doing in here, Tommy?" asked his mother, peering into the darkness of the henhouse, whence had been coming for five minutes or more a series of dismal squawkings, accompanied by a loud flapping of wings.

"I am trying," said Tommy, who seemed to be doing something with a knotted rope, "to fix this rooster so his alarm won't go off before 7 o'clock tomorrow morning."—Current Literature.

First Ohio Canal.

The construction of canals was begun in 1825, and by 1832 400 miles of navigable canals were completed. The opening of the first Ohio canal was accomplished July 4, 1827. On that day the first boat descended from Akron to Cleveland. She was cheered on her passage by thousands of people, who assembled from the adjacent country to witness the novel and interesting sight.

Gifted Conversationalist.

"She has wonderful conversational powers," said Miss Cayenne.

"But she doesn't talk a great deal."

"No; I never knew any one who showed such discretion in the selection of things to be left unsaid."—Washington Star.

A man can never become a true gentleman in manner until he has become a true gentleman at heart.—Dickens.

Up In the World.

"Are they richer now?"

"Yes; now they talk of their 'country place' instead of 'the farm.'"—Detroit Free Press.

Proverbs

"When the butter won't come put a penny in the churn," is an old time dairy proverb. It often seems to work though no one has ever told why.

When mothers are worried because the children do not gain strength and flesh we say give them Scott's Emulsion.

It is like the penny in the milk because it works and because there is something astonishing about it.

Scott's Emulsion is simply a milk of pure cod liver oil with some hypophosphites especially prepared for delicate stomachs.

Children take to it naturally because they like the taste and the remedy takes just as naturally to the children because it is so perfectly adapted to their wants.

For all weak and pale and thin children Scott's Emulsion is the most satisfactory treatment.

We will send you the penny, *i. e.*, a sample free.

Be sure that this picture in the form of a label is on the wrapper of every bottle of Emulsion you buy.

SCOTT & BOWNE,
Chemists,
409 Pearl St., N. Y.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

SNOW SHOE BRANCH—DAILY EXCEP Sunday—In effect May 25 1902.

a m	STATIONS	p m
11 26	7 27 Arrive Snow Shoe Leav	3 15
10 00	6 05 Snow Shoe Intersection	4 56
10 01	5 55 Milesborg	5 0.
9 58	5 45 Leave Bellefonte Arrive	5 26

—WANTED—Girl for general house work good place for right party. Address. J. E. KIRKHAM, State College

Special Offers

The Old Reliable Keystone Harness Factory

Will offer for the NEXT SIXTY DAYS Robes, Blankets, Nickle and Rubber Trimmed Harness in single and double.

You must do the sum to prove it. We have at present the largest stock of WINTER GOODS that has been placed on our counters for many years, the latest styles of Fine Plush and Fur Robes, a full line of Stable and Square Blankets, and at prices that will astonish you at a glance. You must see these goods to find what you can do for little money.

We Have Made a Big Cut in These Goods
BLANKETS, ROBES AND HARNESS.

Come in and let us figure with you on anything you may want in our line. We are Headquarters for

Everything In the Horse Line.

We have in stock about ONE HUNDRED WORK COLLARS that we reduced in price—a good heavy collar for Two Dollars.

Now Is Your Time For
BARGAINS!

Take care of the horse and he will take care of you. We carry a full line of

Shoe Findings, Sole and Harness Leather, Axle Grease, Harness Oil, Soap, Brushes, Curry Combs, Whips, Working Gloves, Large line of Saddlery Hardware,

In fact everything you may need.

All purchasers of $5.00 worth will be entitled to a present of one dollar's worth of a useful article.

Yours truly,
JAMES SCHOFIELD,
SPRING STREET.
BELLEFONTE, PA.

$3.00 PER DAY PAID FOR MAILing circulars at home. No canvassing or capital required. Work can be done in the evenings. For full particulars address. E. A. SWEGER, Lewistown, Pa. july16-1t.

MAN WITH HORSE AND WAGON wanted to deliver and collect. No canvassing. $21 per week and expenses; 150 cash deposit required. Collector, Box Philadelphia.

Illinois Central Railroad

The only Railroad in the United States that can ticket you West, Southwest or Northwest via every gateway across the continent.

California

Via New Orleans & the Sunset Limited.

Over the only true winter route, avoiding chilly blasts and high altitudes, via Memphis, New Orleans, Beaumont, Houston, San Antonio and El Paso.

Through Pullman Sleepers and Quickest Time to
HOT SPRINGS, ARK.

Unsurpassed equipment comprising Pullman Palace Drawing-room Sleepers, Buffet Library Smoking Cars, Cafe Dining Cars (meals a la carte) and Free Reclining Chair Cars on all trains.

Quickest and Best Line to MEXICO.

Superb New Steel Steamers to HAVANA, CUBA.

Join one of our Personally Conducted Pullman Tourist Sleeping Car Parties for California from either Cincinnati or Chicago.

Elegant Through Sleeping Car Service to
MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL AND THE NORTHWEST.

Round-trip home-seekers and one-way Colonists tickets on sale at all points. No matter where you are going write to-day for free descriptive matter and full particulars to

E. A. RICHTER, Traveling Passenger Agent, Park Building, Pittsburgh, Pa.

NEW YORK TRIBUNE FARMER

For Every Member of Every Family.

Established in 1841, for over sixty years it was the NEW YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE, known and read in every State in the Union.

On November 7, 1901, it was changed to the

THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE FARMER

a high class, up-to-date, illustrated agricultural weekly, for the farmer and his family—

Price $1.00

a year, but you can buy it for less. How?

By subscribing through your own favorite home news paper, THE REPUBLICAN, Bellefonte, Pa.

Both papers one year for only, $1.50.

Send your order and money to THE REPUBLICAN.

Sample copy free. Send your address to NEW YORK TRIBUNE FARMER, New York City.

The Bellefonte Republican

The Best Advertising Medium in Central Pennsylvania.

A forty-eight column paper devoted to the interests of the Republican party. Published at Bellefonte, Pa., at $1.00 per annum.

By JOHN C. MILLER.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3m	6m	1y
One inch (12 lines this type)	$ 5	$ 8	$ 12
Two inches	7	10	15
Three inches	10	15	20
Four inches	11	17	25
Quarter column	12	20	30
Half column	20	35	55
One column	35	55	100

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion unless otherwise agreed by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial notices, in our local columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 10 lines this type, $8 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Advertisers, and especially Advertising Agents, are respectfully informed that no notice will be taken of orders to insert advertisements at less rates than the above, nor will any notice be given to orders of parties unknown to the publisher, unless accompanied by the cash.

JOHN C. MILLER.

EDITORIAL.

COLORED SUFFRAGE

One Result of Its Failure, in the Southern States.

A distinguished southerner, in a correspondence to the Independent of New York, sums up the colored suffrage question as follows. He withholds his name, and the paper leaves its readers to guess the reason why.

"Referring to your editorial in the last issue of your paper upon negro suffrage, in which you debate the question raised by the speech of Secretary Root bearing upon the reported failure of negro suffrage, I wish to call your attention to the fact that in my opinion so far as negro suffrage being a failure at the present time a close study and analysis of conditions will convince any one that the negro vote is exercising more power in the nation than has been true at anytime since the ballot was put into the black man's hands.

This is true on account of two reasons: First, the various unjust restrictions placed upon the exercise of the ballot in the Southern states on the part of the negro have resulted in making a large number of negroes go into the Northern states, where their votes are freely cast and honestly counted. In the second place, in proportion as the negroes in the South are discriminated against unjustly, in the same proportion do the Northern negroes feel it their duty to protect the rights of the negroes in the South through their ballots. As an illustration of what I mean, twelve or fifteen years ago New York, Indiana, Illinois, Ohio, New Jersey, West Virginia, Delaware and Connecticut were put down as doubtful States in national eletions. To-day, with hardly a single exception, not one of these is classed as a doubtful state, and if one will make an analysis of the increase in the negro vote in those states he will be easily convinced that these states have been taken out of the doubtful column largely by reason of the solidification of the negroes' Northern vote, and the accession to this vote from the South.

On account of the certainty of the way the vote in the south is going to be counted, the Southern States practically exercise little influence in the politics of either party. On the other hand, by reason of the negro vote in the North, all of the Northern States are becoming more solid. This was illustrated during the last congressional election in the fact that every state in the Union where a free election was held went Republican except Nevada. Thus it seems that the South, in attempting to strip the negro of political power, has unwittingly given him more power in the nation than he ever possessed before, and not only this, but it is an increasing power that the political parties must take into account."

WANTED—Faithful person to travel for well established house in a few counties, calling on retail merchants and agents. Local territory. Salary $1024 a year and expenses, payable $10.70 a week in cash and expenses advanced. Position permanent. Business successful and rushing. Standard House, 334 Dearborn St., Chicago.

Hick's Forecast for March.

The first regular storm period for March is from the 2nd to the 7th. From about Tuesday the 3rd, to Friday the 6th, there are reasons to expect all the changes and phenomena of a very decided storm period. A marked change to warmer and falling barometer will lead rapidly into cloudiness, with general rain and thunder storms in the south. Rain may also be expected in central and northern sections, but change to much colder will follow the rains, with heavy snow squalls generally along the northern side of the country. Sharp change to cold will bring up the rear of these storms, bringing the temperature quite to the frost line into the south.

The 9th and 10th are central days of a reactionary perturbation, intensified by moon in perigee on the 10th. In all our publications, for nearly twenty years, we have explained that an electrical crisis is annually to be looked for about the 10th to 15th of March. The moon being at full and on the celestial equator on 13th, within two days of its perigree, on the 10th, we are naturally to look for electrical phenomena out of the ordinary during this annual period this month. If the Moon's perigee or nearest approach to Earth, had fallen two days later, or coincident with full moon on the equator on the 13th, violent storms and tidal waves would have been almost a certainty in the south. As it is, marked disturbance of this kind need not be a surprise in that part of the country. Heavy earth-currents of magnetism and electricity, auroral lights, seismic convulsions and quickened volcanic activity, are among the things reasonably to be expected during and about the 10th to 15th.

The regular storm period, centering on the 16th and extending from the 13th to the 20th, will bring a time of exceedingly unsettled weather, with probability of many heavy, and some dangerous storms. The indications point to two decided disturbances during this central period in March, one at the very beginning of the period, and the other about the 17th and 18th. The storms on and about the 18th will barely subside before the entrance to reactionary storm conditions due 21st and 22nd. This is at the center of the Vernal equinox, and many equinoctial squalls, with much unpleasant weather may safely be counted on. In all central, western and northern sections, mingled rain, snow and raw and depleting winds.

The last general storm period in March is central on the 28th, covering the 25th to 30th. This period is covered, also, by a Mercury perturbation. The moon is on the celestial equator on the 27th and at its new on the 28th. As we approach these days it will turn phenomally warm for the season, the barometer will fall to low and dangerous readings, and anywhere from Friday the 27th to Monday the 30th, it will be wise to keep an eye on the gathering storm indications. Very warm, humid weather, with greatly depressed barometer, will presage violence and danger, especially in all central to southern parts of the country. Late snow and sleet storms will be most natural northward. The month, in every probability, will reach its close in the midst of the cold wave at the end of these storms. As we close these forecasts on the 14th, the most fearful cold wave of the winter is reported coming out of the northwest, and special bulletins have been issued "officially," of a cold wave to sweep far into the south.—Word and Works.

Basket Ball Game.

The first basket ball game of the season was played in the Armory on Saturday evening before a large and enthusiastic crowd of spectators.

The contesting teams were the Bellefonte Athletic club and the Academy.

In the first half the Academy had a decided advantage but in the second half the Athletic club played with such a rush and scored such brilliant plays that they succeeded in vanquishing their opponents by the score of 16 to 9. The second game of a series of three between these strong teams will be played in the near future.

The teams lined up as follows:

Bellefonte Athletic C.	Bellefonte Acad'y.
Quigly	forward Taylor, (Capt.)
Keichline	forward McIntosh
Newbaker	centre McClafferty
Curtin	guard McCandless
Gephart	guard Thomas

Referees, Bush, Sborige. Umpires, Brown, Jackson. Timekeepers, J. Mac. Laurie and H. S. Taylor.

Pennsy's Big Profits.

Advance statements show that the Pennsylvania annual report will show a surplus, after charges, of about $25,000,000, or over 12 per cent. on the stock. The 1901 surplus was $22,730,646, about 11 per cent. on the stock. Last year was the most prosperous in the road's history. Gross earnings from the lines east of Pittsburg and Erie amounted to $113,000,000, and from the lines east and west to about $215,000,000. Operating expenses increased rapidly, and net earnings, relatively are less than last year.

College Of Music.

Parents desiring their children to have thorough instruction in Music, and well cared for, can find no better place than THE COLLEGE OF MUSIC at Freeburg Snyder County, Pa. Pupils from ten years old and from the beginner to the advanced are admitted. Terms begin May 4, June 15 and July 20. For catalogue address.

HENRY B. MOYER.

OUR BOROUGH COUNCIL.

(Continued from First Page.)

tracts or arrange for the expenditure of large amounts of money without first receiving the authority of the council, and illustrated this by stating, that while the street committee without any special direction had the right to see that the streets were kept clean and repaired, they could not enter into contracts for new work, involving an expenditure of money, without first having submitted the matter to the Council for its approval and direction, and so it is with the other committees. He also urged upon the council the keeping of the funds raised for certain purposes separate, and insisted that the money raised from water rents be kept separate from the other funds of the borough, and so with the fund arising from the taxes levied for interest and sinking fund purposes. That these moneys are raised for a specific purpose, and they had no right to use them for any other purpose. He also stated that the borough was in need of having a number of new ordinances passed for its better government and some rules and regulations, for the government of the committees of the council defining more particularly their duties and authorities, and at an early day, with the concent of the council, he would submit such rules and regulations as he thought were needed and would be useful to the council and beneficial to the citizens.

A Communication.

Milesburg, Feb 28, 1903.

Editor Republican,

RESPECTED SIR.—

In behalf of the voiceless women of America who never have much to do or say but suffer in silence and who have Fathers, Husbands, Brothers, and Lovers, that lay both North and South in the unknown graves of our many battlefields, we would say for them all, Col. McClure included, yes, mark the spot where Robert E. Lee was defeated and all other traitorous sons of the south, with a blood red slab. Telling how he and they led one brother against brother to defeat our glorious union, and made possible the monuments that the writer saw on Gettysburg's field of battle, placed there in honor of our brave defenders. Speaking for our dead comrades, we ask that they guard well our National cemetery's against puting so high a price on crime. God has thundered down through the ages punishment for disobedience, and never intended that we should eulogize the willful murderer. That is what they are trying to do by puting an honorable statue to Robt E Lee or anyother leader of the rebellion or try to make out as McClure does, that they only defended there homes. "No luster could be added to his (Lee) fame by eulogy or statue and it could not be shadowed by criticisms of lingering dregs of hate. His position as a soldier has long been settled and accepted and he is one of the few who need no imposing columns to tell the story of his life. That makes us sick. He also used the word "hate" in speaking of G. A. R, criticisms. Out upon such subtifuge. Our brave comrades of the north defended our homes and honor more than life. Comrades of the G. A. R. do not be led into anything so foolish as raising a monument to any leader of so unjust and ungodly a cause as the rebellion was, only as stated above. Every mother, wife, sister, widow and maid will agree to that much but the south shall pay for it. We protested against raising an honorable monument on any battle field in America, or honoring any one that directly or indirectly caused the loss of our loved ones. As ex-president of the W. R. C. and knowing their sentiments we protest, protest, also speaking for thousands that are never heard from, yet some lonely spot north or south holds an unknown grave. Their silent voices rise through us asking you to protest, protest against this great wrong. If the South wants to faithfully tell the history of their defeat and want it with the stamp of our government, tell it on the red stone slab laid on the ground with Robert E. Lee on it in the color of mud. Col. McClure must be in his dotage. He used the word hate in connection with our criticisms. Hate is a feeble word we abhor, our very soul is stired when we hear of such eulogises being offered to the destroyers of what has cost us so dear, our homes, loved ones and almost our country.

If you want to tell the story
Of Gen. R. E. Lee's glory,
Just write it on a blood red stone
And place it on the ground so gory.

Signed, Daughter-in-law, wife and sister of a soldier in unknown graves.

Mrs. S. T. GIBBS.

Popocatapetl Sold.

Gen. Gasper Ochoa, of Mexico City, who owns the Popocatapetl volcano, including the immense sulphur deposits in its crater, is reported to have sold that property to an American syndicate, in which the standard oil interests are largely represented. The purchasers intend to build a cogwheel railway up the mountain and to operate the sulphur deposits on an extensive scale.

To Cure Grip in Two Days.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine removes the cause. E. W. Grove's signature on every box. Price 25 cents.

"THE MEASURING PARTY."

Given by "A" Class of the Bellefonte High School Friday Evening.

One of the prettiest and most successful social events of the season was the "Measuring Party" given by the "A" class of the Bellefonte High School in the High School rooms, Friday evening, February 27th. In spite of the inclemency of the weather there was a large attendance and the handsome sum of $80.00 was realized for the hospital fund for whose benefit the affair was given.

The class worked hard to make the party a success, their efforts being ably assisted by Prof. John Meyer who acted as a sort of a chairman of the committee. The party was quite unique and novel. As you entered the room, you were measured and it just cost you three cents for every foot you were tall. The room was beautifully decorated, the class colors blue and white, being gracefully intermingled with the stars and stripes. Placed in different parts of the rooms were flowers and potted plants and around the walls were the class letters constructed out of foot rules, a very novel idea.

The members of the class met you on every hand and you were made to feel perfectly at home. In an adjoining room, choice refreshments consisting of ice cream and cake were served to the guests by the young ladies, and this proved a most enjoyable feature.

Christy Smith's orchestra was present and furnished delightful music. During the evening, an entertaining program of music and recitations was rendered. Miss Louise Calloway opened the program with a delightful solo rendered in her best voice. Strohm Lose, who has made quite a reputation as burnt cork artist, favored those present with several coon songs. The Potter—Hoy Hardware quartette composed of Messrs. Frank Curtin, Henry Thomas, Frank Newbaker and Michael Hazel made a decided hit with their singing and were compelled to respond to several encores. One of the prettiest features was a character song rendered by two little ladies, Misses Alice Lowry and Mary Hicklen. This was the same piece rendered at the Junior class entertainment and it made such a hit that they repeated it last night by request. Miss Linderman, a guest at J. S. McCargers sang two very pretty solo's and Mrs. Lena Brown sang "The Great White Throne." The Misses Mary Brown and Tressa Shields gave a pleasing piano duett. Mrs. Brown, Miss Brown and Michael Hazel sang "Oh Restless Sea" and little Annie Graham gave a recitation in a charming manner.

After the regular program was concluded, the floor was cleared and the young people tripped the light fantastic for an hour or so, to the music of the orchestra.

The members of the "A" class are as follows:

Myrtle Barnhart.
David Barlet.
Louise Brachbill.
Arthur Brown.
Goldie Cain.
Mary Garthoof.
Edward Gates.
Mae Hall.
James Harshberger.
Lydia Hastings.
Bertha Johnston.
William Kuhn.
Edna Meyer.
Martha Motchman.
Anna Nolan.
George Overton.
Calder Ray.
Louise Spangler.
Earle Taylor.
Arthur Thomas.
Chapman Underwood.
Mabel Wagner.

Y. M. C. A. Will Have A Home.

After a hard days work Saturday, the committee in charge of raising the Building Fund for the Young Men's Christian Association saw success crown their efforts, and a home is assured for the local Association after thirty-four years of existence in rented quarters which have been unsuitable for the work. $12500,00 has been subscribed which makes the pledges binding and meets all the conditions of the offer of the Irvin property. The Board of Directors are unwilling to have a cent of debt on the Association when it enters its home and will push on for the balance of the money needed at once. They feel very grateful and express their thanks for the help given by the friends seen thus far, and ask for the same liberal support from those yet to be seen.

Looking Up McCalmont Heirs.

Charles H. Dennis, who claims to represent the law firm of Smith & Kline, of New York City, was in town Tuesday looking up the heirs of William S. McCalmont who died in England some months ago.

William S McCalmont was a noted horseman and is claimed to have left an estate valued at $55,000,000, of which it is supposed James McCalmont of State College, Miss Jane McCalmont and Mrs. William Shortledge, of Bellefonte, are the legal heirs.

FOUND.—A solid gold amethyst ring. Owner can have same by calling here and paying for notice. Ring was found on Logan street. D-3t.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfers were recorded during the past week by Recorder Jno. C. Rowe:

Harbison Walker, Refactories Co., to Lee C. Morganroth, dated Feb. 19, 1903, 2 tracts in Liberty and Rush Twp.; consideration, $406.00.

Mary Winslow to Wm. James, dated April 13, 1902, tract in Liberty Twp.; consideration, $600.00.

Edward R. Ladew et al., to J. B. Childs dated Feb. 14, 1903, 2 lots in Philipsburg consideration $100.

Rebecca T. Tipton to E. R. Lucas dated Jan. 13, 1903, tract of land in Howard Twp.; consideration $155,00.

James Reeder et ux., to Catherine H. M. Zettle, dated March 2, 1903, tract of land in Gregg Twp.; consideration $1500.

Edward R. Ladew et al.; to J. B. Childs dated Feb. 14, 1903, 2 lots in Philipsburg boro. $100. consideration.

Elvina Riter et bar to Robert G. W. Hayes, dated April 11, 1901, lot of ground in Spring Twp.; consideration $150,00.

Robt G. H. Hayes et ux., to Robt. Billet, dated March 2, 1903, lot in Spring Twp.; consideration $150.00.

Jas. C. Gilliland et ux., to Albert H. Knoff dated Feb. 28, 1903, house and lot in College Twp.; consideration $175.00.

Samuel Rogers et ux. to Jas. H. Rogers dated Feb. 25, 1903, lot in Rush Twp.; consideration $100.

Samuel Rogers et ux., to Joseph Rogers dated Feb. 25, 1903, lot in Rush Twp., consideration $100.

Mary A. Krapes' Adm., to Anna A. Kling, dated Dec. 1, 1902, tract of land in Gregg Twp.; consideration $1110,00.

James Harris executors to Dennis McCafferty, dated Feb, 10, 1885, land in Spring Twp.; consideration $306.00.

Mary E. Gates' Adm., to Isaac Markle dated March 2, 1903, 3 tracts of land in Walker Twp.; consideration $386.50.

Jacob D. Valentine, Jr., et ux.; to Geo. Valentine, Jr., et al., dated Feb. 16, 1903, 1-5 interest in 2 tracts in Spring Twp.; consideration $1316.00,

A Pretty Home Wedding.

On Saturday evening about half past 8, a very pretty wedding event was celebrated at the home of W. H. Flory, at Pleasant Gap. The contracting parties were Mr. Flory's step-daughter, Miss Jeanette Furey and Mr. Harry Irwin, of this place.

About twenty-five guests were present to witness the ceremony which was performed by Rev. Salter, the Methodist minister at Pleasant Gap. After the marriage a delightful supper was served which all enjoyed.

The groom is in the grocery business at this place and is a most industrious young man, while the bride enjoys the friendship of a large circle of acquaintances both here and at the Gap.

A PAN AND A LEOPARD.

An Astonished Woman and a Still More Astonished Animal.

Kula is a district in the Himalayas consisting of a chain of the most lovely valleys conceivable, with this drawback, among others, that each hill path that runs by the inhabitants' huts more often than not contains a lurking leopard. One day a worthy Kula housewife came out from her cooking and, standing on the edge of rock, emptied a pan of boiling water into the rank herbage growing below. It fell splash on the back of a sleeping leopard, who jumped perpendicularly into the air as high as the roof of the hut.

What might have happened next who can say? But the astonished woman dropped the pan with a clang on the rock, and the leopard took one leap down hill. The pan followed, and the leopard's downward leaps became longer and swifter as the pan bounded after it from rock to rock. When last seen, that leopard had just achieved a leap of about 350 feet to the very bottom of the ravine, thousands of feet below, and the pan whirled about 500 feet over it on to the opposite side.

The leopard would have eaten the old woman with pleasure, but a pan, the contents of which first scalded half the hide off him and then bounded, clanging in his wake, from the top of the Himalayas to the plains below was something he could not face.

The Love of Nature.

A real love of nature is one of the most valuable possessions which you can have, since it will continue to afford you happiness as long as you live. But in order to have this love you must get it while you are young—while you still have leisure to give it first place in your thoughts. Nature must be your first sweetheart or she will not be your sweetheart at all.—Woman's Home Companion.

Didn't Reckon Foreigners.

It was a little boy in an American Sunday school who in reply to his teacher's question, "Who was the first man?" answered, "George Washington," and upon being informed that it was Adam exclaimed, "Ah, well, if you are speaking of foreigners, perhaps he was!"—Stray Stories.

Forgiving and Forgetting.

"Woman," said the crusty person, "may say that she will forgive and forget, but she will never let you forget that she forgave."—Baltimore American.

His Badly Chosen Phrase.

"Don't you think that young Hunker wants to marry Miss Dollyers for her money?" asked Hojack.

"I think so," replied Tomdik. "I heard him say that he loved her for all she was worth."—Judge.

Death of Mrs. Margaret Daley.

After an illness extending over a period of five months, Mrs. Margaret Daley, expired Saturday morning at 1 o'clock at her home in Criders Exchange. Death was due to stomach trouble. She was a highly respected christain lady and her death will cause regret among a large circle of friends and acquaintances.

Deceased was born near Roopsburg 42 years ago and was the daughter of Henry Steinkecrbner. She was married about eighteen years ago to John Daley, the issue of this marriage, being one daughter, Mary, who survives to mourn the loss of a kind and loving mother. She is also survived by two sisters and two brothers, namely, Mrs. Philip King, of Easton; Mrs. Barbara McGowan, of Roopsburg; Joseph, of Clearfied and Michael, of Halstead, Kan.

She was a consistent member of St. John's Catholic church of this place, and the funeral took place from there Monday morning at ten o'clock. Interment in the Catholic cemetery.

The casket bearers were as follows: Messrs. Thomas Sexton, James Noonan, Thomas Howley, William Chambers, Robert Cole, and Philip Beezer.

Death of Mrs. Oliver Love.

Mrs. Oliver K. Love died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Henry Shuey, near Houserville, Tuesday night, from the effects of a stroke of paralysis. About one year ago Mrs. Love was stricken with paralysis, and since that time has been a great sufferer, being almost entirely helpless, and has not been able to utter a word since. Last fall she and her husband removed from their home near Tusseyville to the home of their daughter, where she died. She is survived by her husband and five daughters, Mrs. Charles Whitall, Lemont, Mrs. Tate, Oak Hall; Mrs. Bert Hartman, near Bellefonte; Mrs. Henry Shuey, Houserville; Mrs. Chas. Mayes, Lemont.

Funeral tookplace from the home of her daughter, at Houserville, Friday morning at nine o'clock. Services were held in the Evangelical Association church, near Tusseyville, Rev. J. F. Shultz, of the United Evangelical church officiating. Interment in the cemetery at that place.

Death of Mrs. Emerick.

Mrs. Amelia Emerick died near Salona Tuesday afternoon at 4:20 o'clock, of a complication of diseases, aged 69 years. Mrs. Emerick's husband, Samuel Emerick, died five weeks ago Tuesday. She is survived by three sons and two daughters, Richard, of this city, William, in the south, Luther, at home, Helen, now Mrs. Frank Lutz, of Zion, and Della, now Mrs. Jerry Miller, of Mill Hall. Rev. R. W. Mottern, Lutheran minister of Salona, conducted the funeral services last Thursday afternoon at 1 o'clock, burial at St. Paul's cemetery in Porter township.

Death of Harry Crumbaugh.

Harry Crumbaugh, a former Bellefonte boy, died in St. Francis Hospital at Pittsburg Tuesday morning of typhoid fever. He formerly clerked at the Brant House but four months ago went to Pittsburg to work for the Carnegie Company. He was born in Philadelphia and was 25 years of age.

Surviving him are his sister, Mrs. A. J. Poole and his twin brother, George, both of Pittsburg

DANGERS OF PNEUMONIA.

A cold at this time if neglected is liable to cause pneumonia which is so often fatal, and even when the patient has recovered the lungs are weakened, making them peculiary susceptible to the development of consumption. Foley's Honey and Tar will stop the cough, heal and strengthen the lungs and prevent pneumonia,

C. M. Parrish.

Banquet of Pine Grove Mills High School.

On Friday evening our town was all aglow and the lights were turned on, it being the occasion of the annual banquet of the Pine Grove High School held in the I. O. O. F. Hall, that had been handsomely decorated for the occasion for which the committee deserve great credit. It consisted of Emma Johnson, Homer Decker and Mack Fry. The entire school in an organized choir with their voices blending well together rendered beautiful music. Miss May Ward presided at the organ. The recitations were all well rendered. Capt. Fry acted as toast master and kept the audience in a jolly mood. Those who responded to toasts were Prof. M. E. Heberling, Prof. Morris, Prof. Wm. Keller, Rev. C. T. Aikens, John Dunlap and J. A. Decker and others. All spoke words of praise for the school and the splendid entertainment given. It was an "old time chicken and waffle supper" ice cream and cake. Miss Bell Confer and Miss Clara Ward did the catering.

Kaffee Klatsch.

The above when translated into plain English means Coffee Social. An entertainment of this character will be held at the residence of Rev. and Mrs. Richard Crittenden this Thursday afternoon to which an admittance fee of 25 cents will be charged. All the money realized is to be devoted to completing the Union Chapel at Keating which has been built through the effort of Mr. Crittenden.

The guests at the "Kaffee Klatsch" will be entertained in various ways, first they will have lots of dainties to eat, there will be choice music and the crowning feature will be several recitations by Miss Lydia Spearing of Keating who is an elocutionist of rare merit, and has already arrived in town to contribute to the pleasure of the evening.

CORRESPONDENCE

PINE GROVE MILLS.

Miss Florence Kepler is visiting friends in Altoona.

Miss Annie Reed, of Graysville, is a visitor in town.

The venerable Armstrong Jacobs passed through here enroute for Graysville to see his sick son-in-law John Lush.

Mrs. Aggie Hess and Mary Slegal of State College, were among the passengers from State College for a short visit at the home of C. B. Hess in the "Glades," recently.

Morris Musser Smith who slings the paint brush with such proficiency in McQuistion's carriage shops in Bellefonte attended the Jr. O. U. A. M. Banquet at this place. He was accompanied by Mr. J. C. Brown.

The many friends of Mrs. Sarah Detwiler will be glad to learn of her having endured a serious surgical operation in a Philadelphia hospital for a tumor growth, of which she is doing as well as can be expected. The operation was performed last Tuesday. She will be remembered as Miss Sarah McClellan, of Tusseyville.

Miss Mable Smith one of our seamstress's is sewing for Mrs. Erb at State College this week.

Thomas Stuart, our man of hammer and tongs, is over at Wilsontown and Saulsburg to cheer his aged mother and see his baby boy Willie.

Of late our town is on a boom for Banquets and Farmers Institutes. The echo of the institute had scarcely cleared away when theI O.O.F. banquet and festival was held netting a snug sum for the treasury of $276. Thursday evening of last week Tussey Council 515 Jr. O. U. A. M. celebrated their 9th, anniversary of its institution with a banquet at the St. Elmo where everybody received a cordial welcome by mine host and wife Randolph. Covers were laid for one hundred and all were taken. Their team Captain Wm. H. Fry was chosen toast master, and kept up the mirth of the occasion. Those who responded to toasts were Prof. Morris, Rev. C T. Aikens, David Fulton, and baby recruit Reid Randolph. J. H. Ward did the catering. The Pine Grove orchestra furnished the music. The parlors were handsomely decorated with flags and bunting and potted plants.

SMULLTON ITEMS

Mr. Herbert Smull and wife and Miss Mame Wolf made a trip to Aaronsburg on Sunday.

Herbert Stover is busy weaving carpet at present with his grand father John Waite.

Mr. Geo. B. Winters is ill at the present time.

Mr. Lynn Emerick was spending Sunday with his parents.

Mrs. Mary Smull and Mrs. Geo. Winters attended a quilting party at Mrs. Mallorys of Rebersburg on Saturday.

If you wish to have an end put to an argument, come to Smullton and argue with such whom may be called fools in the eyes of the self-righteous.

MILESBURG.

Colonel C. L. Greno and daughter, of Cincinatti Ohio, after a brief visit with C. H. Else and family, returned home recently.

Mrs George Larah and Mrs. Beightol, of Snow Shoe, visited at the home of Charles Price a few days.

Wm. E. Tate and Miss Maggie Musser, of Pleasant Hill, were united in marriage at the Evangelical parsonage by Rev. M. T. Crouch.

John Grubb, of Tyrone, Sundayed with his brother Levi.

John Letterman and wife, of Johnstown are visiting his parents.

Misses Ertles, of Howard, Sundayed with their cousin Mrs. Samuel Swain.

The Maine on Her First Assignment.

The new battleship Maine, built by the public schools of the United States to replace the warship of the same name which, five years ago Sunday was sunk in the harbor of Havana, left her dock at League Island Navy Yard on Sunday to join the North Atlantic squadron.

In observation of the fifth anniversary of the destruction of the first battleship Maine, four hundred Americans in Havana, proceeded to where she now lies and placed a flag draped with crepe and wreaths on the wreckage as a tribute to those who lost their lives in the disaster. Representatives of the Cuban Veterans Association took part in the ceremonies and contributed the finest of all the floral offerings.

The new Maine is commanded by Captain Leutze and is manned by her full complement of 640 seamen and marines. Her armament consists of 20 guns.

Rev. Dornblaser Changes Locality.

Rev. Samuel G. Dornblaser, who for several years has been pastor of the Monroe avenue Lutheran church at Columbus, Ohio, has resigned his pastorate there and accepted a call to become pastor of St. Mark's Lutheran church at Hagerstown, Md., where he preached his first sermon last Sunday. Rev. Dornblaser will succeed Rev. George S. Bowes, who has accepted a call to preach for a Lutheran congregation at Winchester, Va.. Rev. Dornblaser is a native of Potter township, Clinton county. He graduated from Princeton in 1884 and from the Theological seminary at Gettysburg in 1887 when he entered the ministry. A brother and two sisters live in Nittany Valley.

A GIRL TO TRUST.

So Thought President Lincoln When He Handed Her a Pass.

During the civil war Miss N., a high spirited Virginia young lady whose father, a Confederate soldier, had been taken prisoner by the Union forces, was desirous of obtaining a pass which would enable her to visit him. Francis P. Blair agreed to obtain an audience with the president, but warned his young and rather impulsive friend to be prudent and not betray her sympathy for the south. They were ushered into the presence of Mr. Lincoln, and the object for which they had come was stated. The tall, grave man bent down to the little maiden and, looking searchingly into her face, said:

"You are loyal, of course?"

Her bright eyes flashed. She hesitated a moment, and then, with a face eloquent with emotion and honest as his own, she replied:

"Yes, loyal to the heart's core—to Virginia!"

Mr. Lincoln kept his intent gaze upon her for a moment longer and then went to his desk, wrote a line or two and handed her the paper. With a bow the interview terminated. When they had left the room, Mr. Blair began to upbraid his young friend for her impetuosity.

"Now you have done it!" he said. "Didn't I warn you to be very careful? You have only yourself to blame."

Miss N. made no reply, but opened the paper. It contained these words:

Pass Miss N. She is an honest girl and can be trusted. A. LINCOLN.

Red Jacket's Memory.

Red Jacket, the Indian chief, had more confidence in his own memory than in books and papers of white men. There was a council at one time before Tompkins, an early governor of New York, in regard to an ancient treaty. The agent said one thing, but Red Jacket corrected him. "You have forgotten," said the American agent. "We have it written down on paper." "The paper then tells a lie," was the confident answer. "I have it written here," continued the chief, placing his hand with dignity upon his brow. "You Yankees are born with a feather between your fingers, but your paper does not speak the truth. The Indian keeps his knowledge here. This is the book the Great Spirit gave him. It does not lie." A reference was made to the treaty in question, when to the astonishment of all every word that Red Jacket had said was confirmed on the document.

Amused Only the Actors.

In his "Random Recollections" Charles H. E. Brookfield, a highly esteemed actor on the London stage, says: "I remember a piece which we produced at the Comedy theater, written by a popular author and very strongly cast, which amused us all so much that we could hardly rehearse it. Charles Hawtrey used every now and then to warn us: 'Now, don't speak too soon on that. There's certain to be a big laugh, and we don't want them to miss the next line.' We rehearsed for six weeks. On the first night nothing went wrong—but the piece. There was not one laugh nor one round of applause from start to finish. We took off the comedy in ten days, during which we rehearsed as a stop gap a conventional three act farce with no literary pretensions. I think it ran for a year."

Her Fathomless Eyes.

It was the hermit Thoreau, whose mistress was wood and stream, who wrote: "The lover sees in the glance of his beloved the same beauty that in the sunset paints the western skies. It is the same diamond here lurking under a human eyelid and there under the closing eyelids of the day. Here, in small compass, is the ancient and natural beauty of evening and morning. What loving astronomer has ever fathomed the ethereal depths of the eye?"

Cause and Effect.

La Montt—Children are so much worse than they used to be. What do you attribute it to?

La Moyne—Improved ideas in building.

La Montt—What has that to do with it?

La Moyne—Much. Shingles are scarce, and you can't spank a boy with a tin roof.—Philadelphia Record.

Realism.

"De Starr is the great exponent of realism in the drama."

"I know; that's why he wouldn't take my play."

"What was the matter with your play?"

"Why, the hero had a surgical operation performed, and De Starr said if it was done at all it would have to be a real operation, and he couldn't stand for that eight times a week."—Washington Times.

Not Much Difference.

Magistrate—Now, sir, while the evidence is not technically conclusive, I am fully convinced of your guilt, and it will be only a matter of time until you are apprehended and your guilt brought to light.

Prisoner—And then, your honor?

Magistrate—Well, then it will be a matter of some more time.—Buffalo Express.

A Good Reason.

"What makes you think, sir, that I will not be able to support your daughter?"

"Well, I haven't been able to myself."—Brooklyn Life.

THE BOW IN WAR.

How It Was Made and Used by the Asiatic Tribesmen.

The bow as used by Asiatic horsemen assumes a curious shape. They were made of horn, generally buffalo horn, in two pieces, joined by a wooden center, and when unstrung had the form of a capital C, which enabled them to be hung over the arm on horseback. When strung, a difficult feat to those unused to them, they took the double curve of the antique bow as seen in the representation of Cupid. This was the "Tartar's bow," used by the Scythians, Parthians and Persians and up to quite recent times in India. It was drawn by the thumb alone, on which the archer wore a broad, thick ring of horn, ivory or cornelian, on whose edge the bowstring rested.

The long bow was also much in use among Indian infantry of the middle ages, but neither they nor any other Asiatics appear to have done such execution as the English archers of the same period. Bernier says, describing a battle between Aurangzeb and his brother Dara: "They draw their arrows with a marvelous swiftness, one man being able to draw six of them before a musketeer can discharge twice; but, to say truth, their arrows do but little execution. More of them are lost in the air or broken on the ground than hit."

The bow, in fact, requires more than any other weapon constant practice from childhood, and strong Englishmen of the present day are quite unable to use the bows of the half human Mincopies of the Andamans.—Chambers' Journal.

How the Springboks Travel.

The springboks of South Africa migrate in vast herds, moving in a compact body and carrying everything before them. If a flock of sheep be in the line of march, as sometimes happens, it is surrounded, enveloped and becomes, willingly or unwillingly, part of the springbok army. An African hunter tells the strange story of seeing a lion in the midst of the antelopes, forced to join the march. It is supposed that the lion had sprung too far for his prey, that those upon whom he alighted recoiled sufficiently to allow him to reach the ground, and then the pressure from both flanks and the rear prevented him from escaping from his strange captivity.

If the springbok travels in such armies, how can those in the middle and in the rear find food? In this wise: Those in the front ranks, after they have eaten greedily of the pasture, gradually fall out of the ranks to rest and chew the cud, while the hungry ones in the rear come up, and so the columns are all the while changing.

The Fragrant Heliotrope.

You may give a heliotrope, and not a very large plant, as much water as you give a geranium and think you are giving all that is required. Your plant will fail to make a vigorous and healthy growth because it is not moist enough at the roots. Examine it, and you will find that the tiny roots have extracted the moisture almost wholly. If not given more water at once, some of the young and delicate roots are injured, and the plant takes on a diseased condition, from which it often never recovers. Do not get the idea that the soil in which heliotropes are grown ought to be kept wet. Not at all. But because it requires more moisture than many plants, because it extracts more rapidly from the soil, water should be given oftener to keep the soil in the proper condition.

The Final Straw.

A story is told of a rustic who, after imbibing too freely, fell asleep by the wayside.

The day was hot, and a swarm of flies settled on his face and proceeded to make his sleep anything but pleasant. In a little while a few mosquitoes came along to add their torture to that of the flies. Of course the man woke up after repeated attacks by the combined forces and vainly tried to brush them away. Finally along came a big wasp and stung him on the nose. "Now, for that you can all get off," he said.

The Discovery of the Fork.

Some believe that the fork was in use all over Europe as early as the year 500 A. D., but if they were their use and the fork itself were lost sight of up to about the beginning of the seventeenth century, when it was either discovered or rediscovered and popularized. Walton, Weems and other antiquarians hold to the earlier date, because a stone vessel containing coins of the middle ages and some iron forks was found at Sevington, England, in the year 1834.

Queer About the Eyes.

Prince Troubetskoy, the artist, once painted in Paris the portrait of an American who was cross eyed. The painter thought a great deal about the matter and finally made his picture cross eyed, too, so that it should be a faithful likeness.

When it was done, the original looked at it and said:

"It seems to me—it seems—why, hang it, this picture is cross eyed, isn't it?"

"Why, no more than you are, sir," said Prince Troubetskoy.

"Well, perhaps you're right," murmured the American. "It seems to have a queer look about the eyes, though."

Piscatorial Truthfulness.

"Fish will do singular things," says a local contemporary. But nobody ever heard of a fish lying about the size of the man that caught it.—Detroit Free Press.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

The juice of a lemon squeezed into a sponge will cleanse and sweeten it.

White paint when dirty should be washed in milk. Colored paints may also be treated in the same way.

Kerosene will brighten brass better than most of the pastes and powders specially recommended for the purpose.

Roaches have a great objection to unslacked lime, and a few pieces of this placed in their haunts will generally keep them away.

In studying to obtain the effect of space in small rooms it is a good plan to cover the walls of two rooms to match. This gives a greater feeling of space.

A woman who knows—at least she ought to, as she demonstrated the fact—says that a generous handful of salt thrown on a gasoline stove in flames will extinguish the fire.

To remove marking ink from linen paint the mark with a solution of potassium applied with a camel's hair brush. As soon as the ink disappears the linen should be well rinsed in cold water.

Household Economy.

The highest priced food is not always the best from a nutritive standpoint, for a quart of oysters at 50 cents contains little more nutriment than a quart of milk at 5 cents.

To be well served serve yourself—that is, visit the markets in person and learn where the best goods can be obtained for the least money.

Certain supplies which are essential to every household, such as sugar, flour, ice, fuel, and so on, fluctuate slightly from month to month, but the little gastronomic surprises which lend variety to our bill of fare and make our food appetizing are variable in price and often obtainable only by the buyer who goes in person.

It is well to have one grocer in whom one has full confidence from whom to purchase most things. Yet, after all, one pays for the privilege, for a trip down Grocer street will often reveal a considerable difference even in the price of so called "constants."

The Smart Girl.

To the city or country girl who wishes to acquire the trademarks of the really smart girl the best advice to offer is this:

"Study yourself and watch every well bred woman you meet."

The really smart girl is chic, but never loud in her dressing. She is well groomed, but always natural; she keeps in touch with the prevailing modes, but is never a slave to fashion, and by little tricks of carriage and bearing, distinctive mannerisms which are never eccentric and the careful selection of accessories for her costume shall you know her.

She is the girl who studies herself first and the fashion plates afterward. She selects frocks that suit her, but never forces herself into gowns that are unbecoming solely because some thoughtless modiste assures her that such and such styles are "good" for this season.—Washington Star.

Teach Children to Be Cheerful.

Children should be encouraged to cultivate cheerfulness in order that their minds and bodies develop in healthfulness and beauty. A child brought up amid cheerless dispositions will be prone to imitate them, while the child cultivated in an atmosphere of home sunshine will naturally reflect many happy, lovable qualities. Teach the child by your own example rather than precept the charm that lies in happy smiles and the sweetness that rests in kind words if you want him to grow up with beautiful characteristic traits. Beautiful examples of cheerfulness are about the rarest things in life, although they are the most necessary for human welfare. People are so wrapped up in themselves they forget to cultivate the lovely qualities of unselfishness which bear the fragrant blossoms of happiness. What we want is more self worthiness and less self sordidness.

Company Manners.

Company manners belong to the vulgar. "We can act as we please among ourselves," says a child, "but when company comes we must be very nice or we will catch it when they are gone!" The superficiality of company manners makes them easily detected. Unconsciously they will prove themselves a mask trying to cover a lack of real refinement. When each member of the household is expected to say "Please" in asking something and a gracious "Thank you!" for little favors, when they do not forget to say a kindly "Good night!" and a pleasant "Good morning!" they will have no difficulty in acquiring gentle manners that will stamp them as truly well bred. Where good home training is lacking there will be found those traces of discord which make the character inharmonious and insufficiently built.

Insinuating.

"I didn't ring your fare up yet," said the conductor, holding out his hand.

"Oh, that's all right," whispered the passenger who was trying to evade paying. "Just keep it in your pocket. I won't tell the company."—Chicago News.

Mercenary.

"But you don't think he's mercenary, papa?"

"Why, yes, I do. I'm afraid he regards marriage as a get rich quick scheme!"—Puck.

No Comparison.

First Boy—My mamma belongs to one of the first families.

Second Boy—Pooh! That's nothing. Mine belongs to one of the last families.—Life.

HE STOPPED THE BELL.

Good Reason For Giving Him Free Entry to the Show.

The requests for theater favors in the small towns are very troublesome. Every person of local standing feels that he has a right to admission at least, while the trustees and the constable feel that they are entitled to private boxes. Some of the requests are decidedly unique.

Recently a company played a small southern city. The manager was taking the tickets at the door of the theater, and the natives were struggling to get in. "Suddenly," he tells, "a long, thin, bushy chinned individual divided the folding doors with his shoulder and whispered confidentially, 'I stop the bell.' I asked him to repeat. 'I stop the bell,' he said again in a hoarse whisper. 'You will have to see the opera house manager and tell him what you stop.' I said, reaching for tickets. He tripped up several ladies while backing out. Soon the manager of the house came in, saying, 'He's all right; he stops the bell.' I allowed him to go in, and after the people were seated I asked the local man what he meant by 'He stops the bell.' 'Well,' said he, 'this man is the janitor of the town hall, right opposite, and on "show nights" he does not ring nine or ten on the town clock. You see, he said, "it would disturb the performance," and so the poor people do not know what time it is until 11 o'clock, when the opera house is open. If I had "turned him down" he would have rung out nine and ten every half hour to get even.'" —Chicago Inter Ocean.

Lincoln the Ideal President.

Lincoln is the ideal president in that he led public sentiment, represented it and followed it. "I claim not to have controlled events," he said, "but confess plainly that events have controlled me." During his term of office he was one day called "very weak" and the next day "a tyrant," but when his whole work was done a careful survey of it could bring one only to the conclusion that he knew when to follow and when to lead. He was in complete touch with popular sentiment and divined with nicety when he could take a step in advance. He made an effort to keep on good terms with congress, and he differed with that body reluctantly, although, when the necessity came, decisively. While he had consideration for those who did not agree with him, and while he acted always with a regard to proportion, he was nevertheless a strong and self confident executive.—James Ford Rhodes in Scribner's.

Killing the Turtle.

Killing a turtle with an arrow seems a very difficult feat, since a very hard shell covers practically all of the animal, yet the natives of the Andaman islands kill huge turtles with arrows as easily as American sportsmen kill rabbits with shot.

Accustomed from their childhood to use bows and arrows, they soon become wonderfully skilled in the use of these primitive weapons, and as they know the places where turtles congregate it is easy for them at any time to bring home a good bag of game. Sometimes they try their skill on large fish, and, though the latter are harder to kill than turtles, there are a few islanders who rarely miss their mark.

The bows and arrows are made of native wood and are longer and stronger than those used by European archers.

Fierce Wild Hogs.

The wild hogs of southern Colorado share with the peccaries of Central and South America the reputation of being the fiercest, most vindictive and toughest animals of the western hemisphere. They will follow tenaciously, tree and starve out an enemy. Their skins are tough, their vitality is remarkable and their teeth sharp as razors. They travel in small droves and are ready to attack anything, be it man or beast, that arouses their ire. Hunters in southern Colorado always observe the precaution of stationing themselves within reach of a tree when in the neighborhood of a drove.

Lake Michigan's Water.

Lake Michigan has no visible inlet. Where, then, does it get its replenishment? From the Rocky mountains.

Through rents and crevices, down into caverns at the roots of these mountains, pour ever the waters from melting snow. Four thousand feet they sink to strike a gravity incline that levels with their floor under Chicago.

Under that city and elsewhere on the west side of Lake Michigan—this is the proved theory, theory as good as proved—the snow covered Rocky mountains are constantly sending their waters to supply flowage and evaporation that are ever going forward in the watery expanse.

Charles Reade at Work.

A friend once called on Charles Reade and found him sitting at his desk placidly smiling, while with great precision and deliberation he inscribed his thoughts on a sheet of foolscap in a large schoolboy text. He might have been writing a love letter, he seemed so happy. He was in reality scarifying a "criticaster" in language that made his friend's hair stand on end.—London Telegraph.

Apprehensive.

"Please, sir, I wouldn't go out today if I were you," said the old landlady.

"Why not?" asked the surprised artist.

"Because a crowd of men were looking for you, and they said they were the hanging committee."—Chicago News.

A Pretty Double Wedding.

A very pretty double wedding was celebrated Tuesday in the parsonage of the Baptist church at Milesburg. The contracting parties were Edward Houser and Miss Margaret Corman, and Elias Corman and Miss Arvilla Houser.

Promptly at 10 o'clock the bridal parties elect, presented themselves before Rev. A. C. Lathrop who performed the marriage ceremony. The brides were handsomely gowned in blue broadcloth travelling suits, while the grooms looked manly and handsome in the customary dress suit. After the ceremony the newly married couples proceeded to the Corman home where an elaborate wedding breakfast was served. Both couples are well known in our community and have hosts of friends who wish them many years of a happy wedded life.

Will Raise Miners' Wages.

The miners employed by the Berwind-White Coal Mining company, in the Clearfield and Windber regions, have been notified that their wages will be advanced April 1. No amount is specified, but it is understood that the advance will be in line with the interstate agreement reached recently at Indianapolis. A notice giving details will be posted after the Altoona convention.

Two Wrecks Within 24 Hours.

Two wrecks occurred on the Bellefonte Central within twenty four hours. The first took place Tuesday as the 1:30 train was making its regular trip to Bellefonte at Kromrine. The second occurred Wednesday at Hunters Park as Parker was making the morning trip to the College. One thing good about these wrecks is that thus far no one has ever been seriously hurt.

HOUSE CLEANING TIME

Will soon be here—It will not be so hard for you if you are prepared for it—Household Ammonia, Borax, Insect Powder, Bug Poison, Sponges, Chamois Skins, Whiting, Bath-tub Enamel. Some or all of these are needed at house cleaning time—we have them—both the quality and price will suit you if you buy them at

GREEN'S PHARMACY

BUSH HOUSE BLOCK, Bellefonte, Pa.

Legal Notices.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of The Centre and Kishocoquillas Turnpike will be held on Monday, March 2, 1903, at 10 o'clock, at the office of the President in Temple Court, Bellefonte, Pa., for the purpose of electing Managers and transaction of other business.

JAMES A. BEAVER, Prest,
CHARLES F. COOK.
Sect'y and Treas. feb12-3t

Divorce Notice.

Bessie A. Vanetta vs. John Vanetta } In the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County. No 18 August Term 1902.

To John Vanetta.

Take notice that the undersigned commissioner appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Centre Co., to take testimony in the above stated case and to report the same to the next term of Court will attend to the duties of his appointment on Saturday the 14th day of March, A. D. 1903, at his office No. 11 East High street, in the Borough of Bellefonte, Pa., at 10 o'clock in the forenoon. At which time and place you may attend either in person or by counsel.

S. KLINE WOODRING,
3-w. Commissioner.

Administration Notice.

Letters of Administration upon the estate of Francis S. Rhoads, late of the Borough of Bellefonte, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Wills of Centre county, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment and those persons having claims against the said decedent are requested to present the same for settlement duly authenticated to JOSEPH J. RHOADS, Exr.,
Tacony, Pa.

HARRY KELLER, Attorney.

Administration Notice.

Letters of Administration upon the estate of Daniel H. Hastings, late of the Borough of Bellefonte, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Wills of Centre county, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment and those persons having claims against the said decedent are requested to present the same for settlement duly authenticated to

MRS. JENNIE R. HASTINGS,
ROSS A. HICKOK,
Administrators.

WILBUR F. REEDER Attorney. jan20-6t

BELLEFONTE MARKET QUOTATIONS.

PRODUCE:

These prices are paid by C. C. Shuey for produce--

Eggs. per doz.	18
Lard, " lb	12½
Tallow, " "	3
Butter, " "	25
Apples, per bus	30 & 40
Potatoes, per bu	50
Side, " lb	8
Shoulder, " "	10
Ham " "	15

GRAIN:

These prices are paid by C. T. Gerberich & Son for grain—

Wheat, old	72
" new	72
Oats new	35
Barley	50
rye	56

DEATH IN A RIOT!

Pitched Battle Between Deputies and Strikers.

INJUNCTION PAPERS THE CAUSE

Eight of the Rioters Killed and Twelve Wounded—One Deputy Marshal Also Killed and Several Wounded.

MANY ARRESTS MADE AFTERWARDS

CHARLESTON, W. V., February 26.—A pitched battle occurred at Wright's coal works in Raleigh county, early Wednesday morning, between 100 United States deputy marshals and deputy sheriffs under Chief Deputy Cunningham, of Charleston, and Sheriff Cook, of Raleigh county, and 250 striking miners, who refused to permit federal officers to serve injunction papers.

On Saturday Deputy Marshal Cunningham went to Stanniford City to arrest miners for contempt for disobeying the injunction order issued last summer by Federal Judge Keller. He was surrounded by a hundred or more armed men, who gave him five minutes to leave the place. On the same day the sheriff of Raleigh county was driven off the ground by the rioters.

On Sunday United States Marshal John K. Thompson and S. C. Burdate, attorney for the mines, went to the scene and found everything quiet, the miners having withdrawn from that neighborhood, crossed the New river and gone into camp.

Emboldened by their success in driving the officers away the miners returned Tuesday to Stanniford and a state of riot was inaugurated. Railroad bridges leading from the Pinek branch of the Chesapeake and Ohio up to the mine opening were destroyed and the destruction of other property was seriously threatened. The guards kept by the coal companies to care for their property were defied and one of them was disarmed and marched about through the neighborhood in front of 150 or more rioters, all armed with rifles.

Meantime Deputy Cunningham came to this city and got orders to serve the processes at all hazards and to take with him enough men to do it. He got together about thirty-five picked men here and went back Tuesday to the scene of the trouble. There he was joined by the sheriff with a strong posse, and the coal operators also furnished such trusty men as they had at hand, so that all told the deputy marshal and sheriff found themselves in command of a strong force. They preceeded to the place where the rioters were camped and surrounded them. The summons to surrender was answered by a shot, and in a moment the fight became general. The rioters were well armed, but were unable to reply with effect to the deadly fire of the officers.

When the fight was over eight of the miners lay dead and two were fatally wounded. One of the posse, a negro, was killed. Howard C. Smith was shot through the left arm and killed the man who shot him,

One hundred and twenty-five rioters were arrested and are Wedesday before United States Commissioner Dunn and Beckley.

Largest Tunnel in the State.

The largest tunnel in Pennsylvania, and the second largest in the United States, was shot through on Monday at the Greentree camp of the contractors for the Wabash railroad, near Pittsburg. The tunnel is 4750 feet long, and will be wide enough to accommodate two tracks. The total width is 27 feet, while the height from the tracks to the keystone of the arch will be 30 feet.

Work was begun on the tunnel 14 months ago, and 150 men have been working double turn on it ever since. When the work was started an opening was made at the foot of Mt. Pisgah, at the east end, and also at the west end, and at the base of Greentree hill, from which the tunnel takes its name. A shaft in the centre is 150 feet deep, and it is estimated that from the bottom of the tunnel to the top of Mt. Pisgah is nearly 300 feet. When the work was started it was said by the contractors that they would have the hole opened by Washington's birthday, and so well were their calculations made that at a few minutes after 4 o'clock Monday afternoon the last shot was fired and the hole was open its entire length.

THE STOMACH IS THE MAN.

A weak stomach weakens the man, because it cannot transform the food he eats into nourishment. Health and strength cannot be restored to any sick man or weak woman without first restoring health and strength to the stomach. A weak stomach cannot digest enough food to feed the tissues and revive the tired and run down limbs and organs of the body. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure cleanses, purifies, sweetens and strenghtens the glands and membranes of the stomach, and cures indigestion, dyspepsia and all stomach trouble.

Parrish's Drug Store.

LAST FLORIDA TOUR.

The last Pennsylvania Railroad tour of the season to Jacksonville, allowing almost three months in Florida, will leave New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington March 3.

Excursion tickets, including railway transportation, Pullman accommodations (one berth), and meals *en route* while going on the special train, will be sold at the following rates: New York, $50.00, Philadelphia, Harrisburg, Baltimore and Washington, $48.00; Pittsburg, $53.00, and at proportionate rates from other points. Returning, passengers will use regular trains until May 31, 1903.

For tickets, itineraries, and other information apply to ticket agents, or to Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia.

Game Laws Are Sustained.

Speaking of prosecutions for the violations of the game laws, the secretary of the Pennsylvania commission said to a Harrisburg Patriot reporter the other day:

"You would hardly believe how the instance on the punishment of those who violate the provisions of the law has raised the law in the estimation of the people of the state. It used to be almost impossible to get evidence to convict, but since it is getting to be understood that the commission is in earnest people are not only turning in to help but are forming organizations over the state for the purpose of enforcing the law. Get the public to see that a law is a good one and educate public sentiment up to its enforcement, as the game commission is doing, and there will soon be no trouble except on the part of inveterate law breakers, and the commission will take care of them.

"The most of the violations reported are for running deer with dogs, but the supply of dogs for that purpose is running short, as such dogs are being shot all over the state, because people are realizing that the law means business. Farmers are learning that the game laws are protecting them in their rights against a horde of irresponsible trespassers. These game laws have already resulted in an increase in the insectivorous birds that are the farmers' best friends and they have already resulted in an increase in the game of the state.

"The same respect for the law must be taught in regard to illegal fishing if the streams of the state are to be stocked. What is the use of spending thousands of dollars to propogate fish when the streams are netted and seined as they are? Neighbors do not want to incur the ill will of the fishers, but if the same means will be taken to stir up public sentiment as has been done in regard to the game law, and rigid prosecution follow the violators of the law, people will begin to understand what the protection of fish means in furnishing a supply of cheap and good food.

A New Industry in Clinton County.

The already important fire clay industry in this section will receive an impetus by the organization of a new company for the mining of fire clay and manufacture of fire brick. The new clay lands are located along the Beech Creek railroad at Hayes' Run, about seven miles above the clay mines of the Clinton County Brick works at Monument, and comprise a tract of 600 acres. The lands are thickly underlaid with fire clay of a most excellent quality, as well as ganister rock and bituminous coal. Prospecting on the lands has been under way for several years, which resulted in the discovery of the valuable mineral deposits named

The new company which will be known as the Hayes Run Fire Brick company, was organized Monday evening, and is composed principally of Lock Haven business and professional men. The officers elected by the stockholders are: President, Ellis L. Orvis, Esq., Bellefonte; treasurer, W. I. Harvey, Flemington; secretary, T. M. Stevenson, Esq., of Lock Haven. The company, which will be capitalized at something over $100,000, has applied to the state department for a charter.

The plant will have a capacity of 40,000 fire brick a day at the start, and will give employment to at least fifty men. However, the plans of construction have in view the enlarging of the plant, as circumstances may warrant, and the consequent employment of a much larger force of men.

—Kidney complaint kills more people than any other diseases. This is due to the disease being so insidious that it gets a good hold on the system before it is recognized. Foley's Kidney Cure will prevent the developement of fatal diseases if taken in time. C. M. Parrish.

Mrs. Fairbanks Elected.

WASHINGTON, February 26.—Mrs. Cornelia Cole Fairbanks, of Indiana, was unanimously re-elected president general of the Daughters of the American Revolution to-day.

The congress spent the entire night session in casting their ballots for the other officers nominated to-day. The balloting continued until nearly midnight, after which adjournment was taken until to-morrow.

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

HOW HUSBANDS SHOP.

A Blouse That It Was Certain Would Not Please the Lady.

The pleasures of shopping are as rigorously denied to "mere man" as are the advantages of whistling to fair woman. The decree, being nature's own, is universal, and the attempts made to contravene it are few and unsuccessful. An exception, more apparent than real, was made a few days ago by an uxorious Berlin husband intent on presenting his better half with a new blouse. He hurriedly entered one of the first shops in the capital and confided his intention to the graceful young lady assistant. "I want a blouse—a good one. You understand. It must be silk—the best silk."

"May I ask what color you prefer?" inquired the superior young saleswoman, with a smile.

"Oh, I'm not particular about the color, but I may say that it may cost from 30 to 40 marks."

"And the cut?"

"The cut? Well, I really don't much care. After all, it comes to the same thing."

"May I ask about the lady for whom it is destined?"

"Why, she is my wife, of course! Whom else did you"—

"I beg your pardon. What I meant was what is her size, at least approximately?"

"It doesn't matter in the least. Please show me some blouses, one blouse, any blouse, and let me go, for I am in a hurry to catch a train."

"With pleasure, sir, but if you cannot give me an idea of the color, cut or size or anything else to guide me how can I hope to suit you?"

"Give me any blouse you like so long as the price is between 30 and 40 marks. It doesn't matter a straw what cut or color or size I choose, for in any case it's certain to be changed. I told you it is for a lady!"—London Telegraph.

SHOPS IN JAPAN.

The Floors Are the Counters and Squatting Places of Buyers.

To start a Japanese shop is the simplest thing in the world. You take the front off your house and arrange your worldly possessions on the floor.

Japanese floors are raised off the street, though nothing is raised off them. The transient customer sits on the edge of the floor sidesaddle. A real shopper who means to do the thing properly climbs up on the floor, which is also the counter, and squats on his heels.

Real Japanese shops have no doors or windows or counters. Shop windows in England do not leave much wall in the frontage, but even an English shop window does not take the whole front of the house.

The Japanese have not many regular shops. There are very few streets of shops even in Tokyo, which is as large as Berlin. Foreigners never buy anything but curios. If they are fools, they deal with shops kept by Europeans; if they want bargains, they deal with Chinamen.

There are many Chinese shops in treaty ports. The Chinaman is cheaper and more reliable than the Japanese. European shopkeepers do not set up in Japan for philanthropic reasons. Japanese shopkeepers are the lowest class of population except the outcasts. Servants and laborers take precedence of them in society, and precedence is the hobby of the Japanese.

You have a different bow and a different salutation for a man who is below you or your equal, and several for the people above you. You have even a different language for each, and Japanese writing wriggles like carving on their temples.—London Standard.

As Others See Him.

"Ah, he'll never be able to fill his father's shoes."

"No. But he thinks his hat would come down over the old man's ears all right."—Chicago Record-Herald.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

The State's Name.

Many people are under the impression that Pennsylvania owes its name to William Penn's vanity. In point of fact, it is not named after him, but after Admiral Penn, his father. The fact is proved by this paragraph in a letter written to William Penn under date of January 5, 1761: "This day after many writings, watchings, solicitings and disputes in council, my country has confirmed to me under the great seal of England, with large powers and privileges, by the name of Pennsylvania, a name which the King would give it in favor of my father. I chose New Wales, being a hilly country, and when the secretary, a Welshman, refused to call it New Wales, I proposed Sylvania and they added Penn to in, though I was much opposed to it and went to the King to have it struck out. He said that it was passed and he would take it upon him."

WHAT'S IN A NAME?

Everything is in the name when it comes to Witch Hazle Salve. E. C. DeWitt & Co. of Chicago, discovered, some years ago, how to make a salve from Witch Hazle that is a specific for Piles. For blind, bleeding, itching and protruding Piles, eczema, cut, burns' bruises and all skin diseases, Dewitt's Salve has no equal. This has given rise to numerous worthless counterfeits. Ask for DeWitt's—the genuine.

Parrish's Drug Store.

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE HOME STRETCH.

Nine Thousand Four Hundred and Fifteen Dollars Pledged for Y. M. C. A.

The magnificent contribution of Studebaker Brothers, at South Bend, Indiana, of $200,000, for a Y. M. C. A. building as a memorial of their father, ought to attract the attention of our people to this method of perpetuating the memory of their friends. These gentlemen are hard-headed business men. They have, of course, the opportunity for erecting a memorial of any kind, and the fact that they have selected a Y. M. C. A. building as the best method of perpetuating the memory of their father ought to be persuasive.

Why should we not have several such memorials in connection with our Y. M. C. A. building work in Bellefonte? As already intimated in these columns, $2,000. would endow the reading room, making an income of $100. annually. $2,000. additional would endow educational classes in arithmetic and penmanship—two subjects which ought to be taught continuously and are now being taught in a small way even in the cramped quarters which the Association occupies. We would like to emphasize the importance of these special objects which appeal to the generosity of our people and sincerely hope that some of our families, desirous of erecting memorials to their friends, will take the matter under consideration.

But two days remain for the exercise of the option for the Irwin property and in that time at least $2500. must be raised.

The Laziness Microbe.

Laziness is a disease. It is caused by certain conditions, atmospheric and otherwise; it has a well developed microbe, and it may be cured. Science has said so. This intelligence is conveyed by Dr. Charles Wardell Stiles, zoologist of the bureau of animal industry of the agriculture department. Dr. Stiles, as a matter of course, has a hard name for the affliction, as it no doubt deserves. He calls it uncinariasis or hook worm disease, and he maintains that he has not only found out that it is a disease but even has made acquaintances with the parasite responsible for it.

The Southern "cracker" whose laziness is proverbial, Dr. Stiles says, is merely a victim of uncinariasis, although it is frequently called malaria, because the symptoms are similar. It is this disease he insists, which has largely produced the pitiable condition of the poor whites in the Southern states and indirectly led up to the condition which has resulted in the crusades against child labor in the cotton mills of that part of the country.

Inferior development of the mental and physical powers is one of the effects of the complaint, which, the doctor contended is not a normal condition. While he does not enter into detail regarding the exact cause of it, he declares that better sanitary conditions would be an effective remedy. The department of agriculture at Washington promises to issue a report on the disease soon.

When a boy turns his bulging pocket inside out we marvel at the quantity and variety of articles he has stowed away. Odd lengths of string, marbles, a horsechestnut, a top, brass nails, hickory-nuts an apple, and many more articles are garnered by this "snapper up of unconsidered trifles." We think the collection must be hard on a boy's pocket, And it is. But do we ever think of the variety and miscellany of the substances we put into the pocket of our stomach? There's the apple and the nuts, and things besides quite as indigestible as brass nails and with no more food value than so many marbles, And yet we wonder that the stomach "gives out." When the stomach breaks down under the strain of careless eating and irregular meals it can be perfectly and permanently restored to health and strength by the use of Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. The action of this medicine on the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition is so marked, that relief from disease is at once experienced and the headaches, liver "troubles," kidney disorders, skin eruptions and other symptoms of a diseased stomach are quickly cured. Whenever the use of a laxative medicine is indicated, use Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They act in harmony with the "Discovery" and assist its action by purging the bowels of foul accumulations.

A REMARKABLE CASE.

One of the most remarkable cases of a cold, deep-seated on the lungs, causing pneumonia, is that of Mrs. Gertrude E. Fenner, Marion, Ind., who was entirely cured by the use of One Minute Cough cure. She says: "The coughing and straining so weakened me that I run down in weight from 148 to 92 pounds. I tried a number of remedies to no avail until I used One Minute Cough cure. Four bottle of this wonderful remedy cured me entirely of the cough, strengthened my lungs and restored me to my normal weight, health and strength."

Parrish's Drug Store.

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE GIRLS OF KASHMIR.

Why They Are Not as Beautiful as They Once Were.

The girls of Kashmir in former times were sold and carried away to the Punjab, in India. They commanded a large price, and parents in moderate circumstances for centuries past have been in the habit of parting with their daughters to place themselves in easier circumstances, and the daughters have generally been quite willing to escape from a life of penury and labor to one of opulence and ease.

A laboring man in this part of India cannot earn over $2 or $3 a month, while many receive for their daughters as high as $1,000. There are some cases where $5,000 was paid, but the usual price has been from $100 to $500.

The practice became so common as well as so damaging that a severe law was enacted prohibiting any one from removing any woman from the country, but it is said that the business goes on now as it has done for hundreds of years, and to that practice may be charged the fact that the women of Kashmir are not as beautiful as they once were.

The process of taking all the beautiful girls away, leaving only the ordinary and ugly ones to continue the race, has lowered the standard of beauty. Most of the women and girls perform field labor as much as the men, and their dress is of the coarsest and plainest materials, consisting of a garment like a nightgown made of white cotton. There is no effort to have it fit.

The condition of women in Kashmir is a very sad one, but one from which there does not seem to be any present escape. It is a constant struggle to live, without the least hope of any accumulation or of ever seeing better days.

The men only receive about 5 cents a day and the women generally about 3 cents, and that will provide only the coarsest food.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Bats and Vampires.

At sunset in the forest of Guiana the bats flit from their hiding places, some taking the place of the parrots and flocking around the fruit trees, while the horrid vampires wander far and near in search of some sleeping animal, or even man, in order to obtain a meal. Cows, goats, hogs, fowls as well as game birds and quadrupeds all suffer from their attacks if not secured in well latticed pens, while the traveler must not be surprised when awaking to find blood oozing from a wound in his foot or temple.

In some places domestic animals cannot be kept at all, as they are so weakened by repeated attacks as to ultimately die of exhaustion. Fortunately, however, the vampires are not very common, and with proper care may be excluded from dwelling houses and stock pens.—Longman's Magazine.

Ideas of Happiness.

Two young women, patently of the "saleslady" persuasion, rode down Chestnut street in a crowded trolley car on a recent morning. They chatted animatedly about the merits and demerits of Will and Gus till they reached Broad street. From there to Twelfth they preserved a dreamy silence. Then one broke out with:

"I say, Ag, what would you choose if you could have everything in the world you asked for?"

"Well," said Ag slowly and musingly, "I think I'd choose enough silk dresses to last me for the next ten years. What'u'd you take, Sade?"

"Me?" replied Sade. "It's the dream of me life, Ag, to have all the money I'd want, so I could go to me job in a cab every morning."—Philadelphia Times.

The Declaration.

It is a rather curious fact that while facsimiles of the Declaration of Independence were common enough several years ago and were largely used for advertising purposes they are now very scarce—so scarce that a Philadelphia collector recently paid $10 for one bearing the advertisement of a western railroad. The original document, preserved in glass, is still to be seen in the possession of the department of state in Washington, but it has become so faded as to be nearly illegible, by reason of which a photographic reproduction would be valueless. James D. McBride had plates made and secured a copyright on them in 1874, but these plates were later destroyed by fire, and none are now in existence. Consequently the copies that have been preserved are constantly increasing in value.—Philadelphia Record.

Drury Lane.

Drury lane was named after the great family of the Drurys who once lived there, and Clare market after Lord Clare. The fame of Drury lane is worldwide. Who has not heard of the famous pantomimes at Drury Lane theater and of the many famous actors and actresses who have played there? Who has not read of the wild exploits of Nell Gwynn, the flower girl, who obtained such an ascendency over the Merrie Monarch? Pepys calls her "Pretty Nell" and records how he saw her in Drury lane "standing at her lodging's door in her smock sleeves and bodice, a mighty pretty creature."—Chambers' Journal.

Farming in the South.

The Passenger Department of the Illinois Central Railroad Company is issuing monthly circulars concerning fruit growing, vegetable gardening, stock raising, dairying, etc., in the States of Kentucky, West Tennessee, Mississippi and Louisiana. Every farmer or homeseeker who will forward his name and address to the undersigned will be mailed free, Circulars Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, and others as they are published from month to month.

E. A. RICHTER, Traveling Passenger Agent, Park Building, Pittsburg Pa.

Railroad Guide.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R. AND BRANCHES. Schedule in effect Feb. 9, 1903.

Via Tyrone—Westward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.52 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.05 a m, at Altoona 1 p m, at Pittsburg 5.50 p m

Leave Bellefonte 1.55 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.20 p m, at Altoona 3.10 p m, at Pittsburg 6.55 p m

Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Altoona 6.50 p m, at Pittsburg 10 45 p m

Via Tyrone—Eastward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.05, at Harrisburg 2.40 p m, at Philadelphia 5.47 p m

Leave Bellefonte 1.55 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.20 p m, at Harrisburg 6.45 p m, at Philadelphia 10 20 p m

Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Harrisburg 9.45 p m

Via Lock Haven—Westward

Leave Bellefonte 1.55 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2.10 p m, at Buffalo 7.40 p m

Leave Bellefonte 8.16 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 9.15 p m, arrive at Buffalo 7.35 a m

Via Lock Haven—Eastward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 a m, leave Williamsport 2.40 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 5.15 p m, at Philadelphia at 6.23 p m

Leave Bellefonte 1.55 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2.10 p m, leave Williamsport 2.53 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 5.00 p m, Philadelphia 7.32 p m

Leave Bellefonte 8.16 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 9.15 p m, leave Williamsport 1.35 a m, arrive at Harrisburg 4.15 a m, arrive at Philadelphia 7.22 a m

Via Lewisburg.

Leave Bellefonte at 6.40 a m, arrive at Lewisburg at 9.05 a m, Montandon 9.15 a m, Harrisburg 11.20 a m, Philadelphia 3.17 p m.

Leave Bellefonte 2.15 p m, arrive at Lewisburg 5.41, at Harrisburg 8.50 p m, Philadelphia at 10.50 p m

For full information time tables, maps, fare, &c., call on Ticket Agents, or address Thos. E. Watt, Pass. Agent Western District, No. 360 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg.

J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD—On and after Monday, April 3rd, 1899, trains will run as follows, leaving the P. R. R. station

WESTWARD. College Accom.	Exp.	EASTWARD. Mail.	Exp	Bellf Ac
1†	*5	*2	*4	9†
a.m	p m	a m Lv	Ar a m	p m p m
6 50	4 15	10 30 Bellefonte	8 50	2 40 6 40
6 35	4 21	10 37 Coleville	8 40	2 25 6 30
6 28	f4 29	f10 42 Morris	f 8 35	f2 21 f6 27
f6 23	f4 28	f10 47 Whitmer	f8 35	f2 17 f6 23
f6 16	f4 33	f10 53 Hunters	f8 31	f2 10 f6 21
f6 10	f4 36	f10 56 Pilmore	f8 28	f2 06 f6 18
f6 05	f4 40	f11 02 Briarly	f8 24	f2 00 f6 14
7 00	4 43	11 05 Waddle	8 20	1 55 6 10
f7 08	f4 45	f11 08 Lambourn	f8 18	f1 52 f6 07
f7 12	f4 55	f11 20 Krumrine	f8 07	f1 37 f5 53
7 25	5 00	11 25 State College	8 00	1 30 5 45
f7 35	f5 05	f11 34 Struble	f7 45	f1 05 f5 25
f7 41	f5 10	Bloomsdorf	f7 40	f5 20
7 55	5 15	Pine Grv Mills	7 35	5 15

Morning trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 2 and 5 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 5 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna R R trains at Bellefonte for points east and west.

"f" stops on flag. Daily except Sunday.

W. H. THOMAS, Supt.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY—PENNSYLVANIA Railroad Division. Daily except Sunday. Schedule in effect on and after Feb. 9, 1903

Westward. 55	53	51		50	Eastward. 52	54
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m
3 45	12 10	8 55	Lock Haven	10 30	2 10	9 15
3 51	12 16	9 01	Mill Hall	10 22	2 04	9 09
4 02	12 26	9 12	Beech Creek	10 11	1 54	8 58
4 05	12 29	9 15	Eagleville	10 08	1 51	8 55
4 14	12 38	9 24	Howard	9 59	1 43	8 46
4 20		9 30	Mount Eagle	9 53	1 38	8 40
4 25	12 48	9 34	Curtin	9 49	1 34	8 36
4 32	12 55	9 41	Milesburg	9 41	1 24	8 28
4 44	1 05	9 58	Bellefonte,	9 32	1 05	8 16
4 53	1 14	10 01	Milesburg	9 18	1 24	8 08
4 56	1 22	10 04	Snow Shoe Int	9 15	1 22	8 05
5 03	1 28	10 11	Unionville	9 07	1 15	7 57
5 12	1 36	10 20	Julian	8 58	1 08	7 48
5 21	1 41	10 28	Martha	8 49	1 01	7 79
5 28	1 50	10 35	Port Matilda	8 42	12 55	7 32
5 35	1 56	10 41	Hannah	8 35	12 49	7 25
5 37		10 43	Fowler	8 33		7 23
5 40	2 00	10 45	Dix	8 30		7 20
5 46	2 06	10 51	Bald Eagle	8 24	12 39	7 14
5 50	2 10	10 55	Vail	8 20	12 35	7 10
5 54	2 14	10 59	East Tyrone	8 16	12 31	7 06
6 00	2 20	11 05	Tyrone	8 10	12 25	7 00
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m

Nos. 50 and 55 will run daily.

TYRONE AND CLEARFIELD RAILROAD Time table in effect Feb. 9 1903

NORTHWARD. EXPRESS.	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.	STATIONS.	SOUTHWARD EXPRESS.	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.
P M	P M	A M	Lv Ar	P M	A M	P M
6 50	3 30	8 20	Tyrone	8 50	11 20	5 50
6 56	3 31	8 26	East Tyrone	8 49	11 14	5 44
6 58		8 28	Tyrone		11 12	5 42
7 01	3 35	8 31	Vail	8 45	11 09	5 39
7 11	3 46	8 42	Vanscoyoc	8 38	11 02	5 32
7 15	3 50	8 47	Gardner	8 35	10 59	5 29
7 24	3 59	8 57	Mt. Pleasant	8 27	10 51	5 21
7 30	4 06	9 05	Summit	8 20	10 44	5 14
7 34	4 10	9 09	Sandy Ridge	8 14	10 38	5 10
7 36	4 12	9 11	Retort	8 11	10 35	5 07
7 38	4 14	9 12	Powelton	8 09	10 33	5 05
7 48	4 24	9 21	Osceola	7 59	10 23	4 57
			Osceola Junct	7 57	10 20	4 52
7 54	4 28	9 26	Boynton	7 54	10 17	4 49
7 58	4 30	9 34	Steiners	7 50	10 13	4 45
8 02	4 35	9 40	Philipsburg	7 48	10 12	4 40
8 06	4 45	9 45	Graham	7 42	10 07	4 35
8 11	4 50	9 50	Blue Ball	7 37	10 02	4 30
8 17	4 46	9 56	Wallaceton	7 32	9 56	4 24
8 22	5 02	10 02	Bigler	7 26	9 50	4 17
8 28	5 08	10 08	Woodland	7 20	9 44	4 10
8 30	5 10	10 11	Mineral Spr'gs	7 17	9 40	4 06
8 34	5 14	10 15	Barrett	7 13	9 36	4 01
8 38	5 18	10 20	Leonard	7 09	9 35	3 56
8 45	5 25	10 26	Clearfield	7 05	9 28	3 50
8 50	5 32	10 32	Riverview	6 55	9 21	3 40
8 56	5 38	10 39	Susque. Bridge	7 04	9 15	3 34
9 00	5 55	10 44	Curwensville	6 45	9 10	3 30
	6 01	10 50	Rustic	6 40		3 15
	6 09	10 58	Stronach	6 34		3 09
	6 15	11 04	Grampian	6 30		3 05
P M	P M	P M	Ar Lv	P M	A M	P M

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD In effect Feb, 9, 1903

Westward.				Eastward.	
p m	a m		a m	p m	
1 38	5 40	Montandon	9 15	4 50	
1 45	6 35	Lewisburg	9 05	4 42	
1 57	6 47	Vicksburg	8 53	4 31	
2 06	6 55	Mifflinburg	8 45	4 24	
2 16	7 07	Millmont	8 33	4 13	
2 22	7 13	Glen Iron	8 26	4 08	
2 51	7 40	Paddy Mountain	8 00	3 43	
3 02	7 50	Coburn	7 50	3 32	
3 08	7 57	Zerby	7 43	3 25	
3 17	8 05	Rising Spring	7 35	3 17	
3 23	8 11	Penns Cave	7 28	3 11	
3 30	8 18	Centre Hall	7 22	3 02	
3 35	8 24	Gregg	7 17	2 55	
3 42	8 31	Linden Hall	7 10	2 48	
3 46	8 35	Oak Hall	7 06	2 43	
3 50	8 39	Lemont	7 02	2 39	
3 54	8 43	Dale Summit	6 57	2 34	
4 03	8 52	Pleasant Gap	6 48	2 24	
4 06	8 55	Axemann	6 45	2 21	
4 19	9 00	Bellefonte	6 40	2 15	

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA. Condensed Time Table.

READ DOWN. No. 1	No. 5	No. 3	Nov. 24, 1902. Lv.	Ar.	READ UP No. 6	No. 2	No. 4
a.m.	p.m.	p.m.			p.m	a.m.	p.m
†7 00	†6 45	†2 40	Bellefonte		9 25	9 35	5 15
7 11	6 53	2 51	Nigh		9 12	9 22	5 02
7 16	7 01	2 56	Zion		9 06	9 16	4 56
7 23	7 07	3 03	Hecla Park		9 00	9 10	4 50
7 25	7 09	3 05	Dunkles		8 58	9 07	4 48
7 29	7 13	3 09	Hublersburg		8 54	9 03	4 44
7 33	7 17	3 13	Snydertown		8 50	8 59	4 40
7 35	7 19	3 15	Nittany		8 47	8 56	4 37
7 37	7 21	3 17	Huston		8 44	8 53	4 34
7 41	7 25	3 21	Lamar		8 41	8 50	4 31
7 43	7 27	3 23	Clintondale		8 38	8 47	4 28
7 47	7 31	3 27	Krider's S'n'g		8 33	8 43	4 23
7 51	7 35	3 31	Mackeyville		8 28	8 38	4 18
7 57	7 41	3 37	Cedar Springs		8 22	8 32	4 12
8 00	7 44	3 40	Salona		8 20	8 30	4 10
8 05	7 50	3 45	Mill Hall		†8 15	†8 25	†4 05
			(NEW YORK CENT.)				
			Jersey Shore		7 40	3 22	
11 45	†8 40		Arr { WM'PORT } Lve		†7 10	†2 50	
12 20	9 10		Lve { WM'PORT } Arr		7 00	2 30	
12 29	11 30		(PHILA AND READING RY)				
7 30	6 50		PHILA		11 56	†3 36	
10 40	2 02		NEW YORK (Via Phila)		87 30	†4 00	
p.m.			Ar.	Lv.	p.m.	a.m	

*Daily. † Week Days. ‡ 6 00 p. m. Sunday† ‡ 10 55 a. m. Sunday.

Philadelphia Sleeping Car attached to East bound train from Williamsport at 11.30 p m and west-bound from Philadelphia a 11 36 p. m.

J. W. GEPHART, General Superintendent

ENJOYING A SHOW.

A Charity Concert In London and the Audience It Attracted.

The audience certainly was a terrifying one. The front rows of the big hall were filled by old women very severe or else smiling the perpetual smile of vacancy. Then came a grimy group of dock hands. Their wives, some of them in charge of three babies apiece, were all over the room. The girls came in huge feathered hats and yelled high pitched witticisms to the gangs of young hooligans whose one desire seemed to be to wreck the show. Indeed they contributed even more audibly to the entertainment than did the performers, while the clergy who patrolled up and down seemed on excellent terms with everybody, but quite powerless to control a good part of the audience.

Somebody opened with a piano solo. Really people might have more sense than to choose a Chopin nocturne for such an audience. The pianist was twice told to "go and get an organ." There was a shout for some tune unknown to us, and after that the rendering of Chopin was permanently drowned in general and stentorian conversation. A girl with ambition to become a professional next sang, amid audible comments on the plainness of her frock, and she quitted the platform in awful silence. Bertie and his cello had an even worse time. He was invited to "get his hair cut," which was certainly a piece of timely advice, and at the first deep notes of his instrument there were anxious inquiries if he was in pain. As this had a perceptible effect on irritable Bertie, there were general offers to attend his funeral and more advice to the effect not to take "that old geezer out with you when you go courting." By this time the troupe were terrified, and the rector had to mount the platform and request some sort of order.—Outlook.

REFLECTIONS.

A wife often permits her affection to blind her reason.

Regard for petty things often will dwarf a man's ambition.

A woman's love can become annoying as well as burdensome.

Marriage based on honest affection will withstand the ravages of time.

When a woman gives way to anger, she begs her own pardon with tears.

Many women find happiness only when attending to the affairs of others.

Confidence is not easily gained where exaggerated love of self is found to exist.

To decide between love and duty has caused hours of worry to men as well as to women.

The man with a vice wonders why so many persons think it their duty to make public the fact.

Man often shows the hard side of his disposition to mark more strongly the generous shades.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Lunlolatry In China.

In China the practice of lunlolatry exists at the present day and is of very early origin. The chief festival, that of Yueping, or moon cakes, is held during the eighth month of the Chinese year. Persons make cakes of various sizes in the shape of the moon and paint different figures upon them. Friends and relatives pay visits to one another, give entertainments and present their cakes after making protestations and pouring out oblations to the moon.

It is very remarkable that a verse of one of the Jewish prophets should be explained by this Chinese custom. "The children gather wood," said the seer, "and the fathers kindle the fire, and the women knead their dough to make cakes to the queen of heaven."

Old Enemies.

It is told of a Confederate veteran who fought in the Spanish war that in moments of excitement he thought he was fighting the Yankees. A biography of Kinglake, the historian, contains a similar story of Lord Raglan, a veteran of the Napoleonic wars.

In 1854 Raglan went to the Crimea. Two French officers were attached to his headquarters.

Several times the staff was embarrassed and amused at Lord Raglan's habit, due to old peninsular associations, of calling the enemy "the French" in the presence of the foreign guests.

Bound to Get There.

"Don't you think," said the generous minded man, "that you would feel more kindly toward your political rival if you could imagine yourself in his place?"

"My dear sir," answered the energetic man, "mere imagination won't do. I'm going to put myself in his place if it can possibly be managed. He has one of the best places in the government service."—Washington Star.

Not an Indian.

Mrs. H. S. Boal, a daughter of William F. Cody (Buffalo Bill), lives at a place in Wyoming which bears the strange name of B. X. Ranch, Slack. Among the curious questions put to her by visitors are these:

"I suppose you have a large collection of Indian scalps?"

"Have you ever been scalped yourself?"

"Do you keep buffaloes as domestic pets?"

Once, on the ranch, while she was entertaining a foreign stranger, her father rode by, and she said:

"There goes Colonel Cody now."

The man looked at the horseman long and anxiously.

"Are you sure about it?"

"Certainly. I know him very well indeed."

"Well, I declare! I was never so surprised in my life. Why, that man is a gentleman and not an Indian at all."

THE PERIPATETIC BEAR.

Summer Outing of a Mother Grizzly and Her Young Ones.

There is a deal of discussion among hunters after big game in the mountains concerning the sort of fathers and husbands grizzly bears make, says a writer in Outing. The consensus of opinion seems to be that bruin is an unfaithful, heartless spouse and a contemptible father. He will help Mme. Bruin seek a cave or an opening in the rocks or mountain side, where their cubs may be born, and he will carry a dainty morsel, such as a sheep, a calf or part of a cow's carcass there for his mate's food. However, a few days after the cubs are born in the family circle he will leave the home, probably never having any further acquaintance with his spouse and her offspring. Thereafter Mme. Bruin must make her own way and provide for her cubs. Unlike the black bear, which is a jolly, fun loving father that rolls and frolics with his baby children, the male grizzly will have nothing to do with the cubs. Mme. Grizzly and her children are companions for two summers, and they hibernate rolled together in a ball of fur for about 100 days, during the coldest days of winter.

The mother bear and her young travel far and wide, moving principally at night. Kit Carson said that the wide range of a family of healthy grizzlies in a summer season is almost incalculable. He had reason to know of a mother grizzly and her two cubs that once left their hibernating cave among the southern spurs of the Rocky mountains in New Mexico one spring in the forties, crossed the Colorado and Wyoming, were seen in the mountains in Montana and were back in New Mexico again for another winter before the following October.

Didn't Patronize Her Father.

A young woman living in a suburban village turned her graceful talent for dancing to account by carrying on the instruction of the young folks in the neighborhood in that art. At the beginning of the term her class was attended by an awkward, overgrown girl who was much in need of such culture. She was the daughter of a local undertaker. After two lessons she discontinued attendance, and one of her acquaintances asked her why she had given up her lessons.

"Well," said she, "Miss Blank never patronizes my father, and so I won't patronize her school."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Buying Precious Stones.

In buying gems always beg, buy or borrow a microscope and examine the stone carefully through the telltale lens. Flaws invisible to the naked eye which depreciate or entirely destroy the value of the gem will be easily recognized. It is really throwing money away to invest in costly stones without this examination, as many jewel lovers have found to their cost.—Good Housekeeping.

He Got the Limit.

"Do you believe there is anything prophetic in dreams?"

"Believe it! I know it. Only the other night I dreamed that I was at a church fair and awoke to find that my wife had been through my pockets and taken my last sou."—Baltimore News.

Permission.

Fond Mother—My son, did not your father forbid you learning to smoke?

Young America—No, ma. When I asked him if I might smoke, he said, "Not much!"

Distant Relatives.

"I have only the most distant relatives."

"Has the family died out?"

"No. They have all become rich."

A Historic Tree.

The oak tree under whose branches Abraham Lincoln and Stephen A. Douglas held a political debate in 1858 is still standing in Bloomington, Ill. It appears to be centuries old. In 1858 the tree marked an inclosure then known as Henshaw's pasture, a former public meeting place. George Henshaw, the owner, was a Democrat. He arranged to have the debate there, being an admirer of Douglas. The two candidates for United States senator had engaged in a series of debates, and the one held in Bloomington attracted voters from far and near. A platform for the candidates was constructed directly under the boughs of this old oak. Its shade protected the audience as well as the speakers.

Birds and the Woman.

City Belle—I hope your stay in our city will not be short, Mr. De Science.

Mr. De Science (member of the Ornithologists' union)—Thank you, but my sojourn must be brief. I am here attending the ornithological convention at the Museum of Natural History, and the session will soon be over.

"What kind of a convention did you say?"

"Ornithological—about birds, you know."

"Oh, yes, yes. How stupid of me! Do you think they will be worn much next season?"

Boiling Them Soft.

Mrs. Newlywed—These eggs are still hard. How long did you boil them?

New Cook—Five minutes, ma'am.

Mrs. Newlywed—Well, next time give them ten minutes.—New York Press.

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the most healing salve in the world.
C. M. Parrish

WRESTLING WITH RUSSIAN.

The Traveler Wanted a Towel and Finally Got It.

A. H. Savage Landor, in his book of travel, "Across Coveted Lands," relates an amusing railway incident that occurred in Russia while he was en route to Persia.

"Unable to get at my towels packed in my registered baggage and ignorant of the Russian language," he says, "I inquired of a polyglot fellow passenger what was the Russian word for towel, so that I could ask the guard for one. 'Palatiensi,' said he, and I repeated 'palatiensi, palatiensi, palatiensi,' so as to impress the word well upon my memory. Having enjoyed a good wash and a shampoo and dripping all over with water, I rang for the guard, and, sure enough, when the man came I could not recollect the word. At last it dawned upon me that it was 'palatinski,' and 'palatienski' I asked of the guard. To my surprise the guard smiled graciously, and, putting on a modest air, replied, 'Palatinski niet, paruski' ('I do not speak Latin, I speak only Russian'), and the more I repeated 'palatinski,' putting the inflection now on one syllable, then on the other, to make him understand, the more flattered the man seemed to be, and modestly gave the same answer.

"This was incomprehensible to me until my polyglot fellow passenger came to my assistance. 'Do you know what you are asking the guard?' he said in convulsions of laughter. 'Yes, I am asking for a palatinski—a towel.' 'No, you are not!' and he positively went into hysterics. 'Palatinski means "Do you speak Latin?" How can you expect a Russian railway guard to speak Latin? Look how incensed the poor man is at being mistaken for a Latin scholar! Ask him for a palatiensi, and he will run for a towel.'

"The man did run on the magic word being pronounced and duly returned with a nice clean palatiensi, which, however, was of little use to me, for I had by this time got dry by the natural processes of dripping evaporation."

The Hairpin In Surgery.

The hairpin as a surgical instrument is treated quite seriously by a physician who, writing in a technical journal, names fifteen different ways in which it may be used in an emergency to ease pain or even to save life. For example, it might serve as a probe, as a surgical needle, in place of a drainage tube, to remove foreign bodies, to compress a blood vessel or to close a wound.

"One hair of a woman can draw more than a hundred pair of oxen," wrote old James Howell almost three centuries ago. It may be that some of the virtue of the hair goes into the pin.

Ready to Take Hold.

"He told me it would probably be a bitter fight," said the man who had just been to see a lawyer.

"But he convinced himself of the justice of your cause," suggested his wife.

"Well, no, not right away," replied the prospective litigant. "He first convinced himself that I had money enough to make the fight."—Chicago Post.

Before the Ark.

Noah's ark is generally supposed to be the earliest ship of which we have record, but there exist paintings of Egyptian vessels immensely older than the date, 2840 B. C., usually assigned to the ark, being, indeed, probably between seventy and eighty centuries old. Moreover, there are now in existence in Egypt boats which were built about the period the ark was constructed.

Saw a Bad Bargain.

Minister (to new janitor)—John, I expect to exchange pulpits with Dr. Smith next Sunday.

John—Well, sir, if you'll take my advice you won't do it. I've seen Dr. Smith's pulpit, and it's the most worn-out piece of furniture in town.—Chicago News.

Modern inks only date from 1798, at which date the researches of Dr. Lewis in the chemistry of ink began.

Didn't Bother Him.

A German clergyman who was traveling stopped at a hotel much frequented by wags and jokers. The host, not being used to having a clergyman at his table, looked at him with surprise. The guests used all their raillery of wit upon him without eliciting a remark. The clergyman ate his dinner quietly, apparently without observing the gibes and sneers of his neighbors. One of them, at last, in despair at his forbearance, said to him: "Well, I wonder at your patience. Have you not heard all that has been said to you?" "Oh, yes; but I am used to it. Do you know who I am?" "No, sir." "Well, I will inform you. I am chaplain of a lunatic asylum. Such remarks have no effect upon me."

A Russian Banknote.

The 100 ruble note of Russia is barred from top to bottom with all the colors of the rainbow, blended as when shown through a prism. In the center in bold relief stands a large, finely executed vignette of the Empress Catherine I. This is in black. The other engraving is not at all intricate or elaborate, but is well done in dark and light brown and black inks.

—The most reliable preparation for new troubles on the market is Foley's Kidney Cure. C. M. Parrish.

—Foley's Honey and Tar cures the cough caused by attack of la grippe. It heals the lungs. C. M. Parrish.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers
The famous little pills.
C. M. Parrish.

BRANDS OF CHEESE.

Gorgonzola Is a Cheese to Swear by, Limburger to Swear At.

Each country has its favorite cheese. The Swiss make the Gruyere cheese, known more generally in this country as Schweitzerkase. It is made of goats' milk and is full of holes caused by the gases in fermentation. The cheese is imitated, but never equaled, here. The typical English cheese is the Cheddar, first made in the English town after which it is named. It is very like American cream cheese. Chesire is another favorite English cheese, while the fashionable cheese of the day is Stilton, a cheese which defies imitation. Sage cheese, first made in England, is now made the world over. Its distinguishing characteristic is the flavoring and coloring of sage, parsley, spinach and marigold leaves bruised and steeped.

Brie is a popular French soft cheese, and Camembert, originating in Normandy, is another. These cheeses are cured in caves where the temperature never rises above 12 to 14 degrees. They are ready for marketing in May and November. Roquefort, a celebrated French cheese, is made from the mingled milk of goats and sheep that browse on the thyme clad banks of the Arno, in western France. These cheeses are also ripened in caves, but the temperature is kept at 40 degrees.

Akin to the Roquefort cheese is that called Gorgonzola, made in Italy after similar processes. It is milder than Roquefort and not quite so good, but it is sold much cheaper. Another Italian cheese, the Parmesan, is very hard, and is usually grated. It is oftenest used with macaroni. Another curious Italian cheese is the Cacciocavello, or horse cheese, which is delicious, and improves with age. It is cured in the skins used in making sausages and comes in curious, sausagelike shapes.

Limburger cheese, so beloved by the Germans, originated in Belgium. It is extraordinarily rich, being allowed to ripen to putrefaction; hence its horrifying odor in unaccustomed nostrils. Some persons have a saying, "Gorgonzola is a cheese to swear by, Limburger to swear at." From Holland come the Edam and the pineapple, both made in cleanly manner and very popular. It is written in history that the Dutch used their round, cannon ball like Edam chesses to shoot out of their cannon when the Swedes were besieging Amsterdam.—Philadelphia North American.

The Roots of Trees.

The roots of a tree do not cover the same area beneath the earth as they do above. A gardener of many years' experience, having had a vast deal to do in digging and transplanting trees, says he has found that the roots of trees cover on an average about two-thirds of the area of its branches. The tree which has the largest area under ground is the weeping willow. This tree's roots spread to such an extent that should there be any trees or shrubs planted within thirty feet of them in a few years the roots of the willow will be found intermingled with them. Fruit trees, such as apples, pears and plums, have very small roots in comparison with their size. The roots of currant bushes do not occupy more than a quarter the space their branches cover.

Criticism That Hurts and Frets.

To bring about sane friendship between people who love each other, respect for each other's individuality is of course necessary. We can vow that unless duty seriously and lovingly demands it there should be no unasked criticism between people who love each other. Think how it would make for peace if domestic criticism were forbidden at every breakfast table! Think of our own happiness if our brothers and sisters will stop telling us unpleasant truths! Think of their happiness if we could refrain from enlightening them as to their dress or manners or beliefs!—Margaret Deland in Harper's Bazar.

An Appropriate Quotation.

Dr. Temple's hatred of verbosity was intense. On one occasion his chaplain was surprised to receive a telegram from the archbishop consisting of only the words, "Third John, 13 and 14." Mystified, the chaplain turned up his Bible and read: "I had many things to write, but I will not with ink and pen write unto thee. But I trust I shall shortly see thee and we shall speak face to face. Peace be to thee. Our friends salute thee. Greet thy friends by name."

Differently Put.

Wigwag—Are you interested in woman's rights, Miss Caustique?

Miss Caustique — No; woman's wrongs.—Philadelphia Record.

It is better to spare the rod and spoil the child than spoil the child by using the rod too much.—Chicago News.

It is astonishing how soon our follies are forgotten when known to none but ourselves.

Eczema

How it reddens the skin, itches, oozes, dries and scales!

Some people call it tetter, milk crust or salt rheum.

The suffering from it is sometimes intense; local applications are resorted to—they mitigate, but cannot cure.

It proceeds from humors inherited or acquired and persists until these have been removed.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
positively removes them, has radically and permanently cured the worst cases, and is without an equal for all cutaneous eruptions.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best cathartic. Price 25 cents.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve
For Piles, Burns, Sores.
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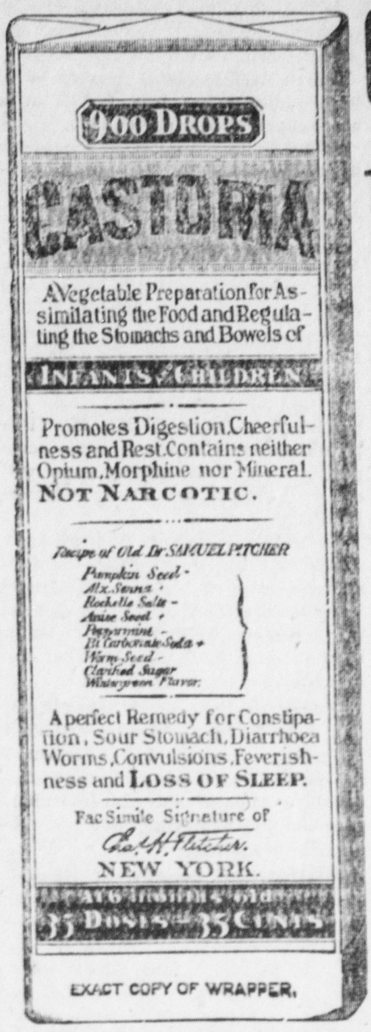
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A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
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THE WELL KNOWN
Eye Specialist!
of Williamsport, will make his monthly visit here for
ONE DAY ONLY,
WEDNESDAY,
MARCH 18, 1903
from 9.30 a.m. to 9 p.m., with headquarters in
The Brockerhoff House
Bellefonte, Pa.

Hundreds are going blind daily, from the need of the proper prescribed glasses and from delaying attention to the eyes from time to time. Nothing will destroy your eyesight quicker than cheap glasses or glasses not properly fitted to your eyes.

Prof. Angel, in the short time he has been visiting this section, has met with marked success. Scores of leading citizens of this community have found relief from his treatment. It is not necessary to travel to Eastern cities for treatment when you can consult an eminent oculist at home.

I can examine your eyes at your home, by appointment, without extra charge.

At State College,
Thursday, March 19th, 1903.
FROM 8 A. M. TO 5 P. M.

HUGH S. TAYLOR.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
No. 24 Temple Court. All manner of legal business attended promptly.

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HARRY KELLER,
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Office in the Temple Court building, South Allegheny street, Bellefonte, Pa.

H. C. QUIGLEY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office in Temple court building, Bellefonte, Pa.

J. THOMAS MITCHELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
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the most healing salve in the world.
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Letters from Women

Cured by the use of Kodol are received daily. Their troubles nearly all begin with indigestion or other stomach disorder.

If the food you eat fails to give strength to your body, it is because the juices secreted by the stomach and digestive organs are inadequate to transform the nutrient properties of the food into blood. That is Indigestion. The system is deprived of the amount of nourishment required to keep up the strength, and the result is that one or more of the delicate organs gradually grows weak, and then weaker, until finally it is diseased. Here a great mistake is made. That of treating the diseased organ. The best doctors in the land make this very mistake. Why should they? It is so easy to see that the trouble is not there.

Kodol Cures

This famous remedy puts the stomach and digestive organs in a healthy condition so that rich, red blood is sent coursing through the veins and arteries of every muscle, tissue and fiber throughout every organ of the entire body, and by Nature's law of health, full strength and vigor is soon restored to each.

Kodol cures indigestion, dyspepsia and all stomach disorders.

I have taken Kodol for nearly two months after each meal and it is the only remedy that gave relief from the terrible pains I endured. After a time I would take it but once a day, and now, while I keep a bottle handy, I seldom need it, as it has cured me. MRS. J. W. COOLBAUGH, Milo Center, N. Y.

Kodol Digests What You Eat.
Bottles only. $1.00 Size holding 2½ times the trial size, which sells for 50 cents.
Prepared by E. O. DeWITT & CO., CHICAGO
PARRISH'S DRUG STORE

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For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
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This will save your Life.
By inducing you to use
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For
Consumption, Coughs and Colds.
The only Guaranteed Cure.
NO Cure. NO Pay. Your Druggist will warrant it.
ABSOLUTELY CURES
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The Bellefonte Republican

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

JOHN C. MILLER.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

—Sow your early tomato seeds.

—The snow is disappearing rapidly.

Harry Rishel, of Braddock, visited his former home at this place Tuesday.

—We regret to learn of the serious illness of a little son of Wm. Garman.

Editor Fred Dunham, of the Hustler, was a business visitor in town Tuesday.

—Six "hard" cases on a prayer card. Three gamblers and three former church members.

—A sure cure for "blue Monday" is an "Amen" breakfast, a "Hallelujah" dinner and a "praise the Lord" Supper.

—Mr. and Mrs. John P. Harris, entertained quite a large number of their friends at dinner on Friday evening.

All the healing balsamic virtues of the Norway pine are concentrated in Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. Nature's own remedy for coughs and colds.

—MARRIED—At the home of the bride's parents in Clarence, Pa., on Feb 25, 1903 by Rev. T. S. Fans: John Russell, of Jersey Shore, and Miss Winifred Meek, of Clarence, Pa.

—"I owe my whole life to Burdock Blood Bitters. Scrofulous sores covered my body. I seemed beyond cure. B. B. B. has made me a perfectly well woman." Mrs. Chas. Hutton, Berville, Mich.

—The Bellefonte Castle, No. 357 Knights of the Golden Eagle will give a banquet to the members and their ladies, Tuesday evening March 17 at 8:30 o'clock in their hall in the Eagle Block.

—Wm. Harris, a tanner in Perry county, missed an occasional hide from his tannery and thinking they were being stolen by dogs sprinkled some of the hides with poison. The next morning he found a dead bear in his yard.

—F. H. Gamel, former Secretary of the Y. M. C. A., has sent his pledge for $100 toward the movement to secure a Y. M. C. A. building. This shows his estimate of needs and his faith in the enterprise.

It's a mistake to imagine that itching piles can't be cured; a mistake to suffer a day longer than you can help. Doan's Ointment brings instant relief and permanent cure. At any drug store, 50 cents.

—"His Majesty and the Maid" is the title selected for the new romantic play by Joseph LeBrandt in which Mary Emerson will star next season. She will be under the management of Samuel Lewis.

—We are pleased to state that Thomas Moore, who is ill with typhoid fever in a hospital at Philadelphia is improving. His temperature is almost normal which is a good sign. His many friends here will be glad to hear of his improvement.

—Tyrone has a "woman in black" who is the talk of the town. Some people have clubs in pickle for her when she happens their way, and others say they'll shoot her on the spot if she crosses their path, while some of the more muscular fellows say they'll catch her alive and see who she is anyhow.

—The Belleville Times says: Grandmother Scott, of this town, passed the 90th milestone of her age the 3rd of month and on her birthday she walked to Mechanicsville and back. She also sews more carpet rags today than many a young woman. This; we think is remarkable for a lady 90 years of age.

—Philipsburg has inaugurated a system of "toots" it announces the weather for the following day—so many "toots" will indicate cold, wet or dry, in fact the code is arranged to suit any old kind of weather. If the steam at the brick works is so low that the whistle will not blow it is an indication that the prognostications are uncertain.

—Arthur Roush, of Sunbury, formerly of Selinsgrove, a brakeman on the Lewistown division, met with an accident Thursday, in which he had both legs cut off above the knee. He was assisting in putting away his train at Lewistown when the accident happened. He was taken to the Lewistown hospital, where both legs were amputated.

—The purpose of the Pennsylvania Railroad company in seeking to acquire by purchase about one-eight of the land included within the limits of Hollidaysburg, is made manifest by the announcement that the company has in contemplation the abandonment of the immence classification yards planned at South Fork, Cambria county, and the establishing of the yards here as a more central point. It is further stated that work has been already stopped on the South Fork yards, the workmen have removed their shanties and tools. If the yards are built there they will become the assembling point daily of 1,100 freight cars. Hollidaysburg's superabundant supply of water may be a potent factor in compelling the change. The unused Roaring Run reservoir may be thrown into service at any time, and the millions of gallons of water now running waste may serve to make the wheels of industry go round.

J. S. McCarger transacted business in Tyrone on Thursday.

—The ladies of the Methodist Church realized about twenty-five dollars at their sociable held Thursday night.

—Mrs. Mary G. Butts entertained a large number of her lady friends at a course dinner Wednesday evening.

—Wednesday of last week the senate finally passed the State College appropriation bill carrying $250,000 and the Bellefonte hospital bill, carrying $10,000.

—Thursday about 2 o'clock the fire alarm sounded for the North ward. On investigation it proved to be a burning flue in the house occupied by Clair Kessinger, two doors above the Electric Light works. No damage was done.

—F. K. Lukenbach, vice president of the Blair County National bank, has purchased the Dr. J. C. M. Hamilton property on Lincoln avenue,, now occupied by Lieut. R. A. Zentmyer, and will occupy it in the near future.—Tyrone Herald.

—Miss Esta Smith, of Millheim, was married to Reily Bower, of Rote, on Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. The ceremony was performed at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Smith by the Rev. B. R. M. Sheeder, of the Lutheran church.

—Mary, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Dashem, of Centre Hill, died Wednesday morning, of an affection of the spine, aged four years and five months. Funeral Saturday morning, interment at Tusseyville, Rev. J. M. Rearick, officiating.

—Helen Gladys, daughter of Edward L. and Catharine E. Powers, died Tuesday Feb. 24, 1903, of the whooping cough at her parents home at Bryn Mawr, Pa. The funeral took place Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment in the Cathedral cemetery at the above mentioned place.

—The Patron, published at Centre Hall by H. L. Rhone, and the Farmers' Friend, published by Col. R. H. Thomas, of Mechanicsburg, have combined, and will hereafter be published weekly. Both journals were devoted to the advancement of the farmers and their organization, the Patrons of Husbandry.

—Mrs Jane Lee, widow of John Lee, who makes her home with her daughter, Mrs John B. Royer, near Bellefonte is seriously ill, her condition being critical. Mrs. Lee several years ago fell and broke her leg, from which injury the lady has never recovered. Recently gangrene set in which is causing her much pain.

—The roof of Snyder Tate's home at Coleville caught fire in some way Wednesday morning and a hole about eight feet square was burned in it. The Bellefonte Central freight crew noticed the fire and, stopping their train, ran to put it out. Had it not been for their prompt work the entire building would probably have been destroyed.

—We do not wish any harm to Francis Speer, but would certainly be satisfied if the affliction from which he is now suffering, might continue for at least a little while. His talking apparatus is out of order, and he is consequently unable to articulate above a whisper. As long as he is in this condition we do not care how often he invades our sanctum.

—Two Altoona husbands have recently quit their families and gone to parts unknown. Their names are W. T. Robinson and David Keiser. Nothing has been heard of them since their disappearance a few days ago. After waiting a short time, the wives made information against the recreant men and the police are now endeavoring to locate them.

—The custom of throwing a shoe filled with corn or rice after a departing bride, is quite common, but it is safe to say that very few persons know the real significance that attaches to it. In early times the casting of the shoe was not considered efficacious unless the one who did this cried aloud in Hebrew, "peru urphu," signifying "increase and multiply."

—Mrs. Henry Meyer, of Boalsburg, Centre county, is the possessor of a grip of long straw which was cut with the sickle by Mr. Meyer's father seventy five years ago near Cambell town. The straw is bright as though cut last harvest. During Mrs. Meyer's recent visit to her relatives in that section the souvenir was presented to her. She prizes it very highly and it occupies a prominent place in her parlor.

—A Kaffee Klutsch at the residence of Rev. and Mrs. Crittenden, 120 North Spring street, this afternoon from 3 to 6 o'clock for the benefit of the Chapel now in construction at Keating station. A variety of light refreshments will be served consisting of Moravian sugar cake, butter simmells and peppered nuts. Admission 25 cents. Ladies are invited to bring their needle work with them. No doubt a very enjoyable time is in store.

Frank Derstine who has been one of the efficient and obliging clerks in Sim Baums clothing store has resigned his position there, and accepted a better position with the firm of Kline Brothers one of the largest gents furnishing stores in the city of Altoona. Frank has proven himself to be a perfect gentleman, and a good salesman and it is the desire of his many friends Bellefonte that he may be successful in whatever he may attempt to do.

—The appointment of Warren B. Masters to be postmaster at Jersey Shore has been confirmed by the senate.

—The Painters and Paper Hangers Union banqueted last evening in the eating parlors of Charles Hazel on Bishop street.

—A dose in time saves lives. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, nature's remedy for coughs, colds, pulmonary diseases of every sort.

—Mayor-elect John T. Cupper, of Lock Haven, has announced his selection for chief of police. It is Lewis E. Lannen, a muscular young man almost 7 feet tall.

—A household necessity-Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Heals burns, cuts, wounds of any sort; cures sore throat, croup, catarrh, asthma; never fails.

—Don't be in too big a hurry to celebrate the advent of spring. Old Winter has a few more tricks up his sleeve that he will disclose before the first of April.

—The police headquarters hereafter will be at W. Harrison Walker's law office. Anyone desiring their service at night can call this office and the police officer on duty will promptly respond.

—Edward M. Eberman an aged and highly respected citizen of Bethlehem died in that city last week. Mr. Eberman was a cousin of Mrs. Richard Crittenden of this place.

—Hives are a terrible torment to the little folks, and to some older ones. Easily cured. Doan's Ointment never fails Instant relief, permanent cure. At any drug store, 20 cents.

—A couple of Philipsburg hunters inform us that dogs are chasing deer in this vicinity. It is time the matter is taken in hand. One of our informers tell us that one deer was killed Friday.—Journal.

—At the weekly business meeting on Saturday evening of the Gregg Post, resolutions of thanks were extended to all the ladies who so kindly assisted in their supper on Washington's Birthday.

—Simeville's "Romeo and Juliet" company who were toplay at Jersey Shore Tuesday canceled their date there owing to the prevalence of small pox. There is thirty-five cases of small pox in that town.

—Spring Mills is to have a rural mail services to cover the territory served by the post offices at Penn Cave. This will close the Farmers Mills postoffice in addition to Penn Cave office already abolished.

—Rev. May Whitehead, of McKeesport, preached Sunday afternoon at half past two in the United Brethren Church. Rev. Whitehead is an interesting speaker and certainly did make a very strong impression on her audience, her text was taken from John 12, 21.

—Joseph Brothers & Co., are making some decided improvements to their already large store. A second story is being added to the rear of their building which will enable them to double the size of their carpet department and also give them greater facilities for their millinery store.

—The Evening *Express* of Lock Haven one of the best of the inland dailies that comes to our sanctum table celebrated its 21st birthday Monday. It has now reached its majority and is brighter, newsier and more vigorous than ever. It is a clean, enterprising sheet and we wish it abundant success in the years to come.

—George Wesley Schreffler, of Osceola Mills and Miss Gertrude McMullen, of this place, were married at noon Thursday at the United Brethren parsonage on West High street. The ceremony was performed by Rev. T. W. Perks. The groom is a drug clerk and was formerly employed at Krumrine's drug store in this place while the bride is a daughter of Frank McMullen, of Milesburg. They left for Osceola Mills on the 1:05 train this afternoon.

—Staff Capt. Wagner and Mrs. Staff Capt. Bourne two Salvation Army celebrities will be here for the week and they will hold services in the Court House on Saturday evening Mar 7th, at 8 o'clock; Sunday morning Mar 8th at 10:30 and Sunday evening at 7:30. Staff Capt. Wagner is in charge of the Rescue work in Buffalo and a very interesting speaker while Mrs. Bourne is the wife of the financial secretary for this province. The Army extends an invitation to everyone.

—The closing entertainment of the Star Course, will be on March 24th, instead of on Tuesday March 3rd. The Committee were so fortunate as to secure the Boston Sextette with a fine soprano singer. A company whose price is $150,00, double that of the Novelty Company, advertised. The entertainment will be first class, different from any given in the course. And will give, we feel sure entire satisfaction. Better order will be ensured and more strict regulations enforced, no one will be admitted without a ticket.

The Matrimonial Market.

The following marriage licenses were issued during the past week by Register A. G. Archey:

Geo. W. Schreffler Gertrude B. McMullen	Bellefonte "
Harry W. Irvin Janette Furey	Bellefonte Pleasant Gap
Harry Shugerts Harriet R. Felty	State College " "
John D. Lucas Blanche Heckman	Potters Mills " "

PERSONALS.

W. C. Patterson, of State College, spent Friday in Bellefonte.

Miss S. Ohnmacht, of this place, was a Tyrone visitor last week.

Miss Margaret Miles, of Julian, visited Bellefonte friends Saturday.

Mrs. Harry Keller returned home Saturday from a visit to Cuba.

Mrs. P. J. McDonald, of Unionville, spent Thursday in Bellefonte.

Rev. J. Victor Royer, of Port Matilda, spent Monday in town.

R. T. Comley, of Unionville, was in town on business Thursday

J. H. Reifsnyder, of Millheim, transacted business in town Thursday.

Miss Mary Griest, of Unionville, spent last week with friends in Bellefonte.

Miss Grace McBride left Thursday for a visit with friends in New York City.

Mrs. David Barlett left Friday afternoon to visit her daughter in Altoona.

Rev. J. Victor Royer, of Port Matilda, was a Bellefonte visitor on Thursday.

Dr. R. G. H. Hayes returned Friday morning from a professional visit to Philadelphia.

W. F. Smith, of Millheim, ex-county prothonotary, was a Bellefonte visitor Thursday.

Burgess—elect W. Harrison Walker transacted business in Lock Haven Wednesday.

Mrs. George Brandon, of Carlisle, is visiting Mrs. Frank Naginey, and other friends in this place.

John Dubbs Jr., of Huntingdon, route agent for the Adams Express Company was in town Saturday.

Ex-Judge Austin O. Furst returned home Wednesday evening from a business trip to Philadelphia.

E. M. King, of the *Lock Haven Democrat* force, was an over Sunday visitor with friends at State College.

Miss Anna Sechler returned home Saturday morning from a visit to her sister, Margaret at Baltimore, Md.

Budd Thompson, the extensive farmer and lumber manufacturer, of Huston township, spent several hours in town Friday.

Mrs. A. O. Furst and son Walter, returned Saturday from Washington, D. C., where they had been spending the past week.

Mrs. Ralph Spigelmeyer returned home Saturday afternoon from a visit to her daughter, Mrs. John Hoffman at Williamsport.

Miss Nan Schofield returned home Wednesday afternoon from an extended visit to friends in Lewisburg, Philadelphia and New York.

Mrs. Harry Canfield of Williamsport arrived in Bellefonte at noon Friday and will remain until next week as the guest of Miss Romie VanPelt.

Mrs. VanTries, wife of Dr. Thomas C. VanTries returned home on Friday evening from visiting her old home up the Buffalo Run Valley.

Miss Janet McFarlane, of Boalsburg, spent a few hours in town Tuesday on her way to Martha and Stormstown where she expects to make an extended visit.

Mrs. Wilbur F. Reeder returned home Saturday morning from Washington, D. C. where she attended the Continental Congress of the Doughters of the American Revolution.

John F. Potter Esq., of Milesburg called in our sanctum Friday morning. Mr. Potter is an intelligent man, a good lawyer and can inform you upon most any subject, religion, political or general.

Miss Rose Dusling returned home Monday evening from Philadelphia. She cut her visit short owing to the serious illness of her mother, Mrs. Anthony Dusling, who is ill with pleurisy and grip.

Geo. W. Rumberger, of Unionville, ex-school teacher, ex-register, a man of affairs, a versatile correspondent for one of Bellefonte's weekly papers, a most genial companion, a red, hot Democrat and an all round good fellow, was in town Friday morning.

T. E. Griest, of Unionville, was in town Tuesday looking better and handsomer than he has been for a long time. Our readers will remember that Mr. Griest had to undergo a critical surgical operation a few months ago, from which we are glad to say he has entirely recoved.

Major William J. Singer shook the dust of Bellefonte from his feet Thursday afternoon and left for Tyrone, where he will complete arrangements for making his future residence in New York City. He has accepted a position in the law department of a large New York gas company. His many friends in Bellefonte will wish him abundant success in his new field of usefullness.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Mingle, of Bellefonte; Mr. and Mrs. I. O. Hoffer and son Earl, of Philadelphia, drove from Bellefonte to Centre Hall Thursday. Mr. Hoffer is a son of George Hoffer, deceased, and spent his boyhood days on the farm now owned by J. J. Arney west of Centre Hall. It is twenty-four years since he left that place, and for the past seventeen years has been in Philadelphia where he is conducting a merchant tailoring establishment, on Walnut Street, in one of the most fashionable quarters.

General John I. Curtin is transacting business in Pittsburg this week.

Colonel George A. Bayard is transacted business in Lock Haven Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Smith spent Wednesday with friends in Lock Haven.

Rev. Ralph Illingsworth, of Pennsylvania Furnace, was in town Wednesday on business.

Dan Nolan came down from Tyrone Saturday and spent Sunday with his parents in this place.

Miss Josephine Uzzle, of Snow Shoe, a daughter of John Uzzle, paid the county seat a visit Wednesday.

John T. Laurie, of Tyrone, was in town Wednesday on a brief visit to his parents, Dr and Mrs. Laurie.

Miss Bessie Tate has returned to her home in Philipsburg after a prolonged visit to friends in this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Irwin, of Altoona, spent Sunday with Robert Irwin and family of North Spring street.

Austin Eadon has gone to Lock Haven where he has accepted a good position with a large manufacturing firm.

A. G. Morris, of Tyrone, president of the American Lime & Stone Company was in town on business Wednesday.

Newlin and Rash Irwin were Altoona visitors over Tuesday night. They witnessed the production of "The Crisis" in the opera house in that city.

Mr. Edward Beezer the popular young proprietor of the Beezer Hotel at Peale, Clearfield county, is transacting business in Bellefonte this week.

C. P. Long, of Spring Mills, the well known Penns Valley merchant, and prominent Republican politician, was a business visitor in town Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. John T. McCormick, of State College, were in town Wednesday. Mr. McCormick comes on business bent, while Mrs. McCormick will visit relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Benton Heberling, of Pine Grove Mills, were Bellefonte visitors Wednesday. Mr. Heberling is PineGrove Mills enterprising young furniture dealer.

Bert Robb, who is employed by the Potter-Abstract Company of Pittsburg, and who has been working at Lewistown and Huntingdon for some time past, was an arrival home Monday. The company have maped out some work for him at this place which will give him a two weeks stay here.

George C. Stahl, of Milton, Grand Chief of the Grand Castle, K. G. E., of Pennsylvania, has signified his intention of being present at the banquet to be given by the Bellefonte Castle, K. G. E., on the evening of St. Patrick's Day, March 17, in their hall in Eagle Block. The committee in charge are making big preparations for this event and it promises to be a great success.

Howard Riggens who has been making his home with Charley Rine for the past five years, longed to be with his mother again, so Charley fixed him up with several good suits of clothes and a roll of money and sent him to his home at Uniontown on Tuesday morning. During the time that Howard has been with Mr. Rine he has acquired a good common school education of the lower branches, and also a good insight into the business in which Mr. Rine is engaged. His place in the home, school and store will be filled by Harry Aikey, a bright little fellow who will make many friends and get along well in the business.

Scale Works Goes to Beaver Falls.

For several months past it has been known that Bellefonte was to lose one of its leading industries, namely, the Standard Scale & Supply Co. Just when it was going, and where it was to locate was not, however, known. It is now definitely settled that it will be moved to Beaver Falls, Pa., and ground has already been broken for the buildings this large industry is to occupy. By June 1st the entire plant will be moved to its new home in the western part of the state.

This is an industry that started in Bellefonte twelve years ago and from small proportions grew to be a large manufactory employing several hundred skilled mechanics. The scales they manufacture are shipped all over the world.

The loss of this plant will be seriously felt by our business men and is cause for great regret.

UNCLAIMED LETTER LIST.

The following letters remain in the Bellefonte Post Office uncalled for Mch. 2nd, 1903:

Barnhart, Myrtle 2; James, Rev. W. A. Cerby, Minnie; Kline, Frank; Cannon, W. H.; Key, J. A.; Dunkle, Elias; Lewis, Emily; Dunn, W. J.; Miller, N. C.; Irvin, Ella; Metzabaugh, Blanche; Wilkinson, Harry.

Confer, Harry J.; Finton, C. A.; Carl, Luke; James, Mrs. L. L.; Fingel, John; Klinefelter, Mrs. Mary; Meyer, Robert.

FOREIGN LETTERS.

Rosie Teresone; Karolina Krezotek.

When called for please say advertised.

W. W. MONTGOMERY, P. M.

—Burgess Walker had his first taste of official life Tuesday. Policeman Jodon landed three drunks in the lock-up during the afternoon and the Burgess administered the law and justice to them in allopathic doses.

March Term of Court.

[Specially reported by W. Harrison Walker.]

The regular term of March Argument and License Court convened Tuesday, Hon. John G. Love, P. J., was on the bench. The morning session was taken up largely in the presentation of motions and petitions by the members of the bar as well as the disposition of most of the liquor licenses.

The Court then called over the list of cases for argument. There were seventeen on the calendar. Most of them are to be argued.

The Court fixed Thursday the 9th day of April for a hearing in the equity case now pending in which Henry Brockerhoff et al are plaintiffs and the Borough of Bellefonte defendant.

He also fixed Thursday, April 2nd, for a final hearing in the equity case of Burton Merrett et. al., versus J. T. Lucas.

The following licenses were granted:

TAVERN LICENSES.

C. M. and C. B. Garman	Bellefonte, S. W.	
Horton S. Ray	"	"
D. B. Newcomer	"	"
W. L. Daggett	"	W. W.
Minnie E. Mapledoram	Philipsburg, 1st W.	
George Stott	"	2nd W.
John Walton	"	"
James Passmore	"	"
Thomas Barnes, Jr.	"	"
Dorsey Meyers	"	"
Christopher North	"	"
Tempest Slinger	"	"
Enoch Hugg	"	"
Joseph Peters	"	"
James W. Runkle	Centre Hall Boro.	
John M. Relsh	Millheim	"
Simon R. King	"	"
Jacob L. DeHaas	Howard	"
Alois Kohlbecker	Boggs	Twp.
George Calvin King	Gregg	"
William Eckert	Penn	"
James S. Relsh	Potter	"
Isaac Shawver	"	"
J. W. Pennington	Rush	"
John G. Uzzell	Snow Shoe	"
George B. Uzzell	"	"
Lawrence Redding	"	"
Samuel B. Shaffer	Miles	"

WHOLESALE BEER.

John Anderson	Bellefonte, W. W.
Frank W. Greib	Philipsburg, 2nd W.

WHOLESALE LIQUOR & BEER.

Orin Vail	Philipsburg, 2nd W.
Samuel Rodgers	Philipsburg, 2nd W.
James Black	" "
David Chambers	Snow Shoe "

DISTILLER.

Noah W. Eby	Haines Twp.

The Court held the applications of Geo. Doll, of the Brant House, Bellefonte, and John Mulfinger, of Spring Twp., over and will dispose of them later. These are both old applications but some complaint has been made to a renewal of them this year. The Court also held the following new applications over: J. W. Coder, Liberty Twp. James T. Chambers, Bellefonte; Andrew Sommerville, Rush Twp.; John McCartney, Rush Twp; Fred Eisenhouer and Walter Jones, Rush Twp.; Chas. T. Kennedy, Rush Twp. These cases will be disposed of on the 17th of this month. The Court stated that if any testimony was to be taken it should be done on a proper rule and argued before him the date above stated.

Centre County Attorneys and Court Officials Royally Entertained.

Tuesday night Col. and Mrs. Wilbur F. Reeder entertained the members of the Centre County Bar and Court Officials for dinner at their beautiful home on Allegheny street.

On former occasions Col. and Mrs. Reeder have entertained the officials in like manner, but it is conceded by everyone there that last night's function eclipsed any heretofore given.

When the guests arrived in the cloak room, they remained until the entire party had assembled, when they repaired to the library where they were received by Col. and Mrs. Reeder and Mrs. M. W. Jackson, after which they were allowed the freedom of the house, doubtless, however, the Colonel had a few county detectives stationed near the valuables, which were lying around on every hand, the Colonel being a lawyer himself understood the characteristics of his guests.

Promply at six-thirty, these forty-three distinguished gentlemen responding to the invitation given, filed into the large dining room, and for the first time many of them beheld what they had never witnessed before, namely, a good square meal. The dining room was artistically arranged, the prevailing color being green, the lights used were green candles, the candelabrums resting on green centre pieces. Green plants of every description were in great abundance throughout the room.

The dinner consisted of eleven courses, comprising that which goes towards making up a fine repast, and the guests partook of everything offered, which was evidence of their appreciation of that which was good.

After dinner had been served and cigars passed John Blanchard, Esq., assumed the position of toast master, and proceeded to call on some of the brighter lights for speeches, but there was not one gentleman in the room could make a speech; not because they did not make the attempt, but there were too many others who wanted to use that particular time, and as a result there was lots of fun but not much display of eloquence. The closing speech was by the host, who thanked his guests for the honor he experienced in entertaining such a distinguished party in his home.

There is much more that might be written on this banquet, but as for some cause, our invitation failed to reach us, so we have to depend entirely upon what we can learn from those who were fortunate enough to be present, though we would enjoy giving a longer account of this notable affair if we only had the data to write on.

Delaware at last will be represented in the United States Senate, she hardly deserves the honor after playing the baby act for so long.